GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY ALL SURFACE LEVELS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE ENGINEER FOR DECISION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.
- 2. THE BILL OF QUANTITIES (BOQ) IS PROVIDED AS A GUIDE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO REVIEW THIS BOQ AGAINST THE PLANS AND VERIFY QUANTITIES AS A PART OF THEIR DUE DILIGENCE IN TENDERING. ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE TO BE REFERRED TO ACS ENGINEERS FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURATELY ASCERTAINING THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD SERVICES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORKS.
- 4. ALL WORK UNDER THIS CONTRACT SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF THE WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT 2011.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL ENGINEERS AND OTHER CONSULTANT'S DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND WITH OTHER SUCH WRITTEN
- INSTRUCTIONS AS MAY BE ISSUED DURING THE COURSE OF THE CONTRACT. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. 2. NO RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE TAKEN FOR DIMENSIONS OBTAINED BY SCALING THESE DRAWINGS.
- 3. ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE VERIFIED ON SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR WHO SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR CORRECTNESS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE STRUCTURE AND NEIGHBOURING STRUCTURES IN A SAFE AND STABLE CONDITION DURING CONSTRUCTION. NO PART SHALL BE OVER STRESSED.
- 5. ALL WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CURRENT LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPECS AND THE BY-LAWS AND ORDINANCES OF THE RELEVANT GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO LOCATE, IDENTIFY AND ESTABLISH THE CONNECTIVITY OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE WORKS AND CONFIRM THIS INFORMATION WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 8. PROPERTY BOUNDARIES ARE SUBJECT TO CONFIRMATION BY FIELD SURVEY CARRIED OUT BY A REGISTERED SURVEYOR.
- 9. ALL WORK SHALL BE JOINED NEATLY TO EXISTING FEATURES.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL MEASURING DEVICES, SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY REQUIRED TO CARRY OUT INSPECTIONS AS SPECIFIED OR REQUESTED.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE ALL EXTERNAL AREAS TO THE SITE, TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORKS.

EARTHWORKS

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO STRIP THE CONSTRUCTION AREA OF ALL GRASS, SHRUBS, RUBBISH, DELETERIOUS MATERIAL AND UNSUITABLE TOPSOIL AS NOMINATED BY THE ENGINEER. DISPOSAL OF THIS UNSUITABLE MATERIAL IS TO BE ON SITE. TOPSOIL APPROVED BY THE CLIENT FOR REUSE, IS TO BE STOCKPILED ON SITE AS DIRECTED. BULK EARTHWORKS IS TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNCIL STANDARDS AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS3798.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DETAILS OF ALL TESTING TO THE ENGINEER PROGRESSIVELY THROUGH THE WORKS AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY NON-CONFORMANCES. ALL NON CONFORMING WORK IS TO BE RECTIFIED. PRIOR TO WORKS PROCEEDING, PROOF ROLL THE FILL AREA SUBGRADE. REMOVE SOFT AND OR COMPRESSIBLE ZONES AND REPLACE WITH SELECT SITE MATERIAL COMPACTED TO A DENSITY CONSISTENT WITH THAT NOTED FOR THE PROPOSED FILLING.
- 3. PROOF ROLLING NOMINATED SHALL BE CARRIED OUT USING A SINGLE AXLE HIGHWAY TRUCK WITH A REAR AXLE LOAD NOT LESS THAN 10 TONNES TYRES INFLATED TO 550kPa OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT. EQUIPMENT LABOUR AND LOADING REQUIRED FOR PROOF ROLLING IS TO BE PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 4. ALL FILL UNDER FOOTINGS AND SLABS SHALL BE COMPACTED IN LAYERS NOT GREATER THAN 150mm TO 100% STANDARD COMPACTION FOR COHESIVE MATERIALS OR A DENSITY INDEX OF NOT LESS THAN 70% FOR NON COHESIVE MATERIALS.
- 5. TESTS SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON FILL AS REQUIRED BY THE CERTIFYING ENGINEER TO CONFIRM COMPACTION.
- 6. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO PROTECT THE SITE AND SURROUNDING AREAS FROM DAMAGE RESULTING FROM STORMWATER RUNOFF. TEMPORARY DIVERSION DRAINS AND OR OTHER DRAINAGE CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MINIMISE THE EFFECTS OF WEATHER.
- IMPORTED FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE GRANULAR FILL. ALL FILL MATERIAL PLACED ON THE SITE COMPRISING ONLY NATURAL EARTH AND ROCK IS TO BE FREE OF CONTAMINANTS (AS DEFINED BY SECTION 11 OF THE ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (EPA) 1994), NOXIOUS, HAZARDOUS, DELETERIOUS AND ORGANIC MATERIALS.
 REFER TO LOCAL AUTHORITY DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR ALLOWABLE CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES.
- REFER TO LOCAL AUTHORITY DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR ALLOWABLE CONSTRUCTION TOLE
 IMPORTED FILL FOR BUILDING PAD SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS3798 FOR IMPORTED FILL.
- 10. BUILDING PAD TO BE KEYED INTO NATURAL SURFACE AFTER TOPSOIL STRIP.

SURVEY

- 1. THE DATUM FOR ALL LEVELS IS THE AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM IN METRES AND PROJECTIONS ARE BASED ON GDA94 MGA ZONE 56 COORDINATE SYSTEM.
- 2. DETAILED SURVEY WAS CARRIED OUT BY VISION SURVEYS DWG 21963-SK-01 ..
- 3. PROPERTY BOUNDARIES, WHERE SHOWN, ARE COMPILED FROM THE DCDB. THE ACCURACY OF PROPERTY BOUNDARIES IS NOT TO BE RELIED UPON.
- 4. SOME SERVICES HAVE BEEN EXPOSED AND LOCATED BUT OTHER SERVICE POSITIONS ARE DERIVED FROM SURFACE FEATURES ONLY. PRIOR TO EXCAVATION THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY SHOULD BE CONTACTED FOR DETAILED LOCATION OF ALL SERVICES.

EXCAVATION ADJACENT TO POWER POLES

- 1. POSSIBLE TRENCH SHORING REQUIREMENTS NEAR POWER POLES TO BE COORDINATED WITH ENERGEX AND THE APPROPRIATE APPROVALS TO BE OBTAINED FROM ENERGEX PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION COMMENCEMENT.
- 2. ANY TRENCHING REQUIREMENTS ADJACENT TO EXISTING POWER POLES SHALL HAVE THE POWER POLES ADEQUATELY SUPPORTED DURING TRENCHING AND BACKFILLING OPERATIONS. A CERTIFIED ENGINEERING ASSESSMENT OF THE COMPACTION OF BACKFILL MATERIAL IS TO BE PROVIDED TO AND ASSESSED BY ENERGEX TO ENSURE POLE STABILITY BEFORE REMOVAL OF ADDITIONAL SUPPORT.
- 3. ALL CONSTRUCTION WITHIN 3m OF OVERHEAD POWER LINES REQUIRE 'SAFETY ADVICE ON WORKING AROUND ELECTRICAL POSTS' FORM BS0001405F108 FROM ENERGEX.

EN<u>VIRONMENTAL</u>

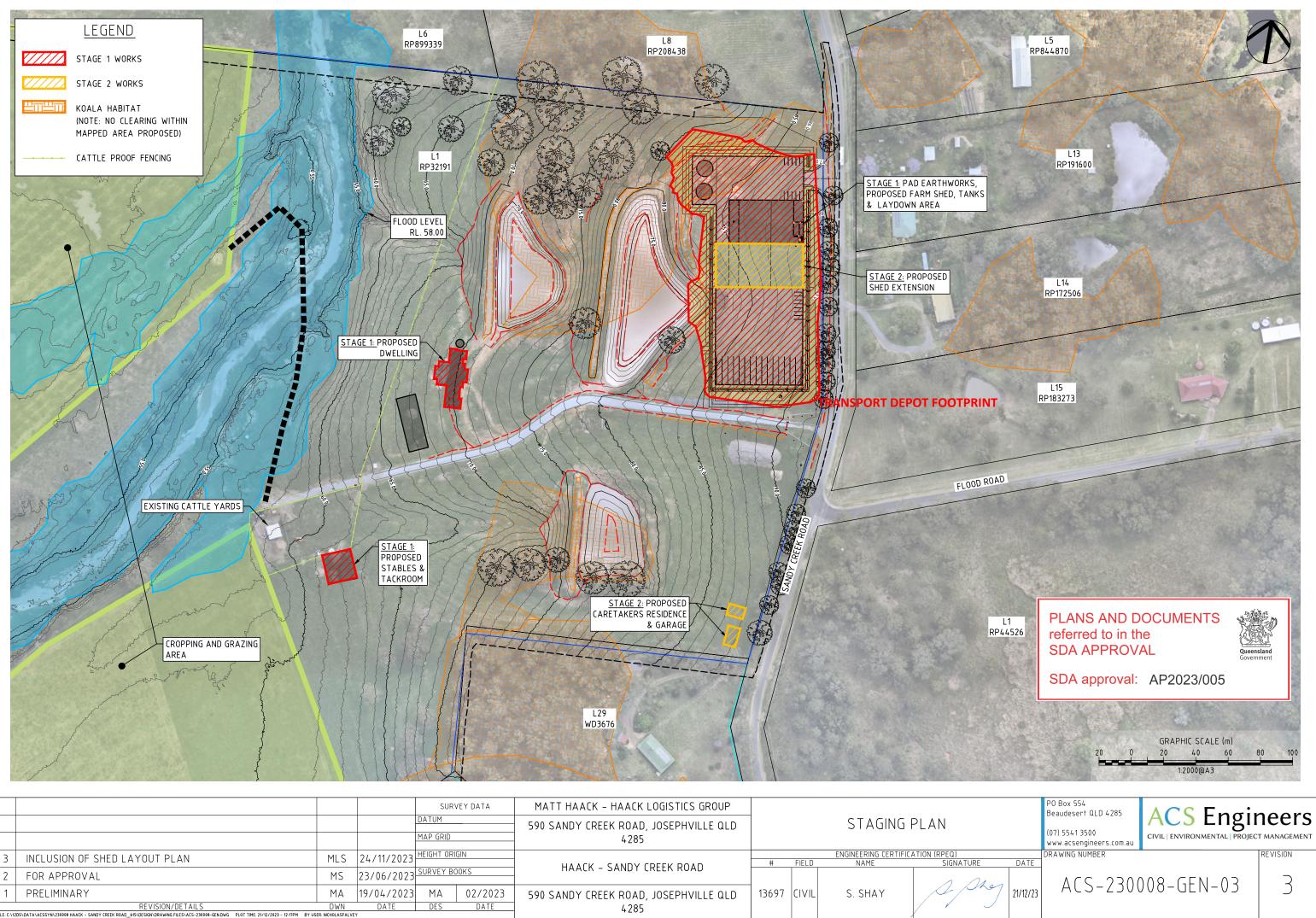
- 1. THE EXTENT OF CLEARING OF VEGETATION SHALL BE KEPT TO THE ABSOLUTE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO UNDERTAKE THE WORKS.
- 2. SITE REVEGETATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PRINCIPAL.
- 3. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS ARE TO BE ESTABLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DRAWINGS 10 & 12.

				SURV	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
				DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD		GENERAL		NOTES	
				MAP GRID		4285					
2	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLS	24/11/2023	HEIGHT ORI	GIN				ENGINEERING CERTIF	CATION (RPEQ)	
2	INCLUSION OF SHED LATOUT PLAN					HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD	#	FIELD	NAME	SIGNATURE	
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY BO	DOKS					2 11	
1	PRELIMINARY	MA	19/04/2023	MA	02/2023	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	13697	CIVIL	S. SHAY	2 the	
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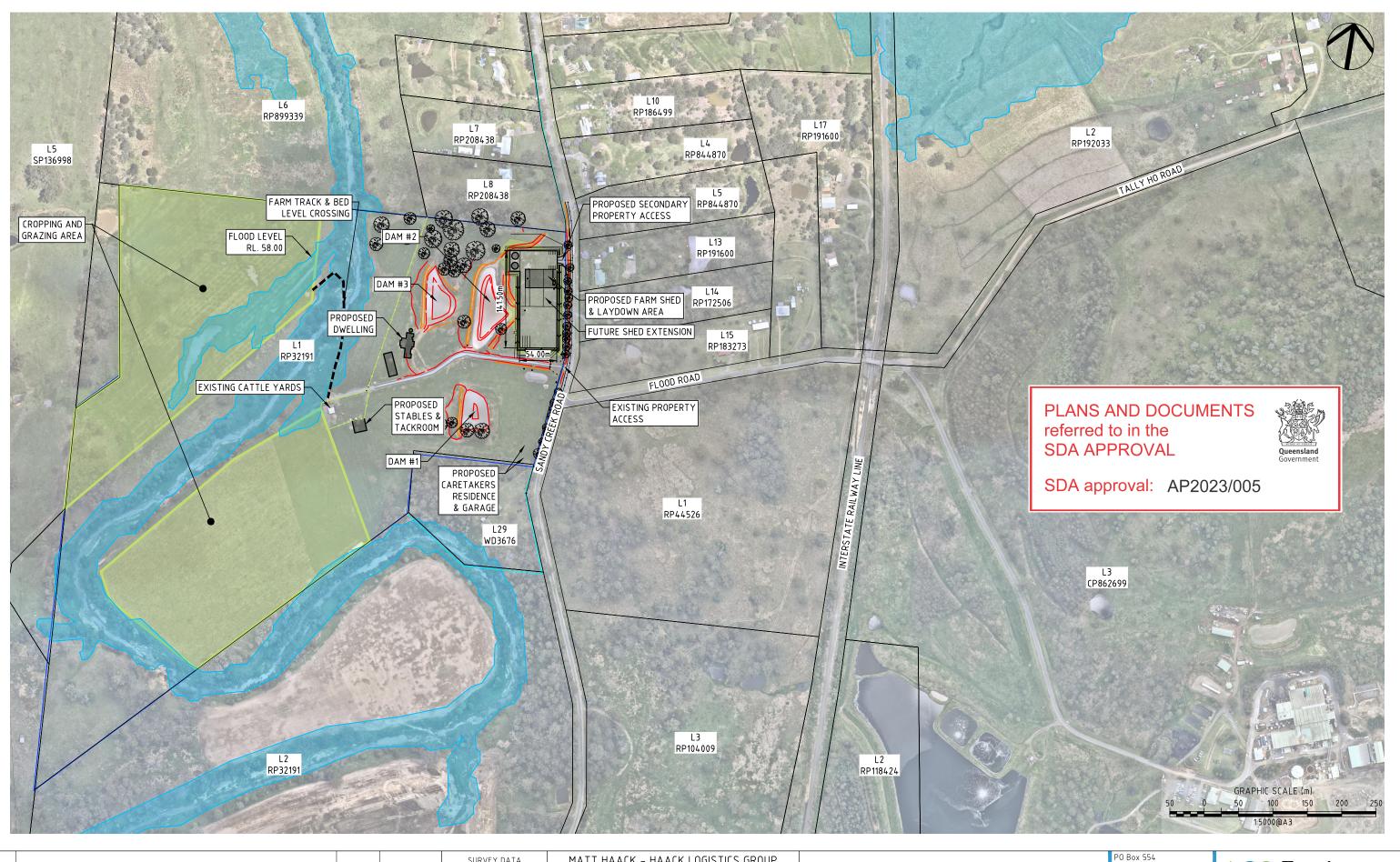


PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



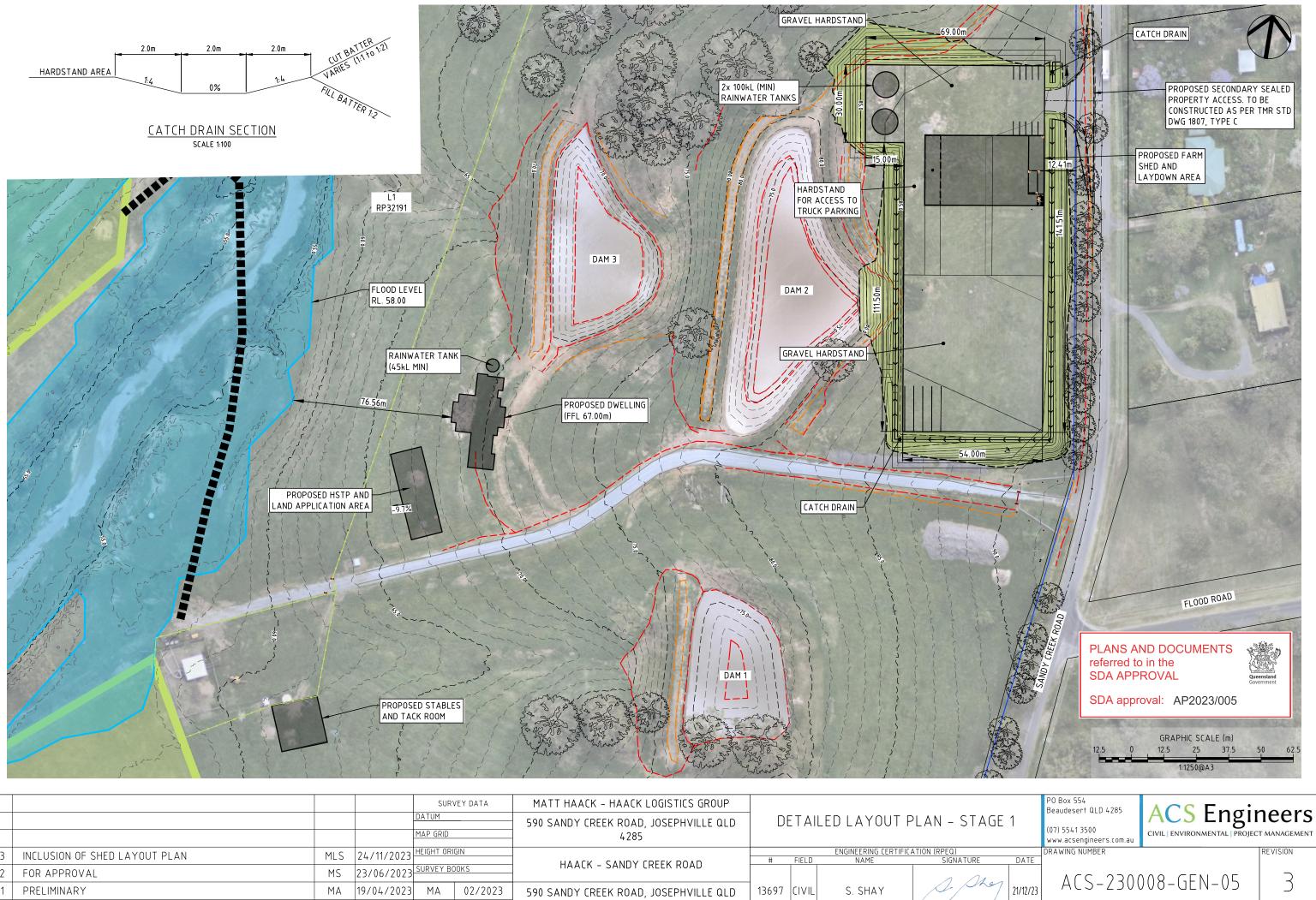


				SURVEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
			DATU	м	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	STAGING PLAN				
			MAP		4285					
З	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN ML	S 24/11/20	23 HEIGH	t origin				ENGINEERING CERTIFIC		
					HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD	#	FIELD	NAME	SIGNATURE	
2	FOR APPROVAL M	5 23/06/2)23	EY BOOKS					2 24	
1	PRELIMINARY M	A 19/04/2)23 M,	4 02/2023	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	13697	CIVIL	S. SHAY	- may	
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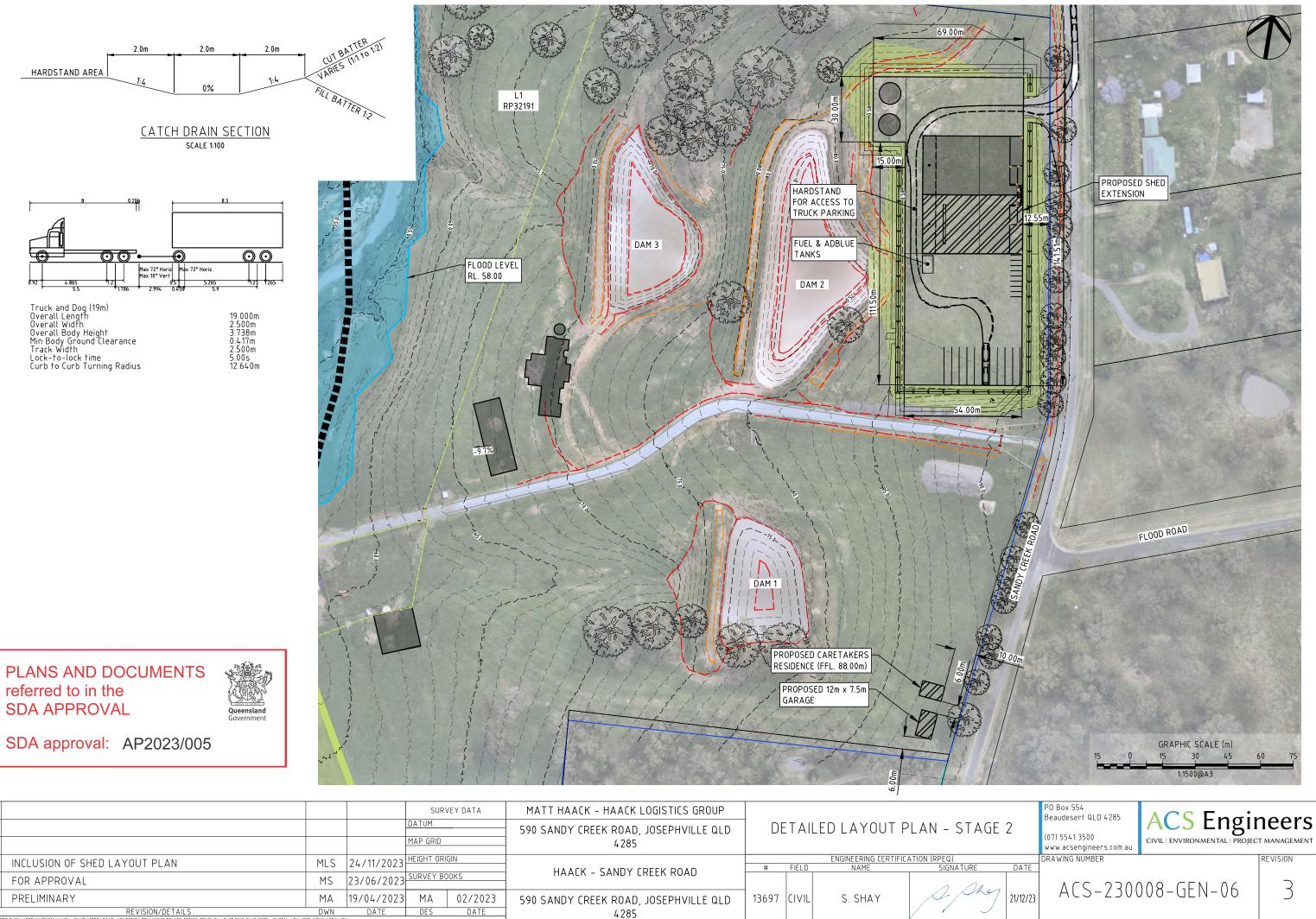


				SURV	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
				DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	OVERALL SITE LAYOUT PLAN				
				MAP GRID		4285					
2	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	міс	24/11/2023	HEIGHT ORI	GIN				ENGINEERING CERTIFIC.	ATION (RPEQ)	
ر						HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD	#	FIELD	NAME	SIGNATURE	
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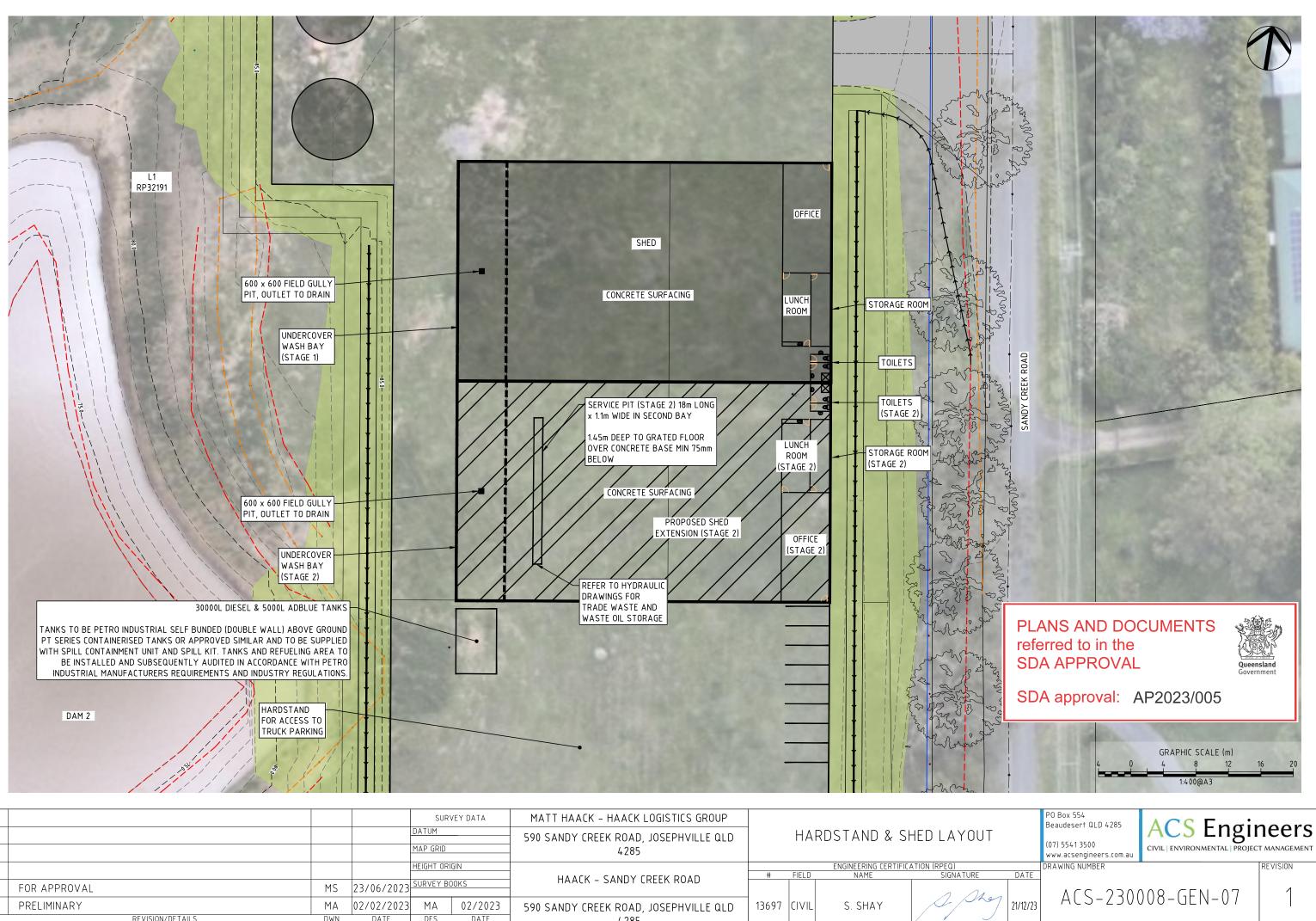
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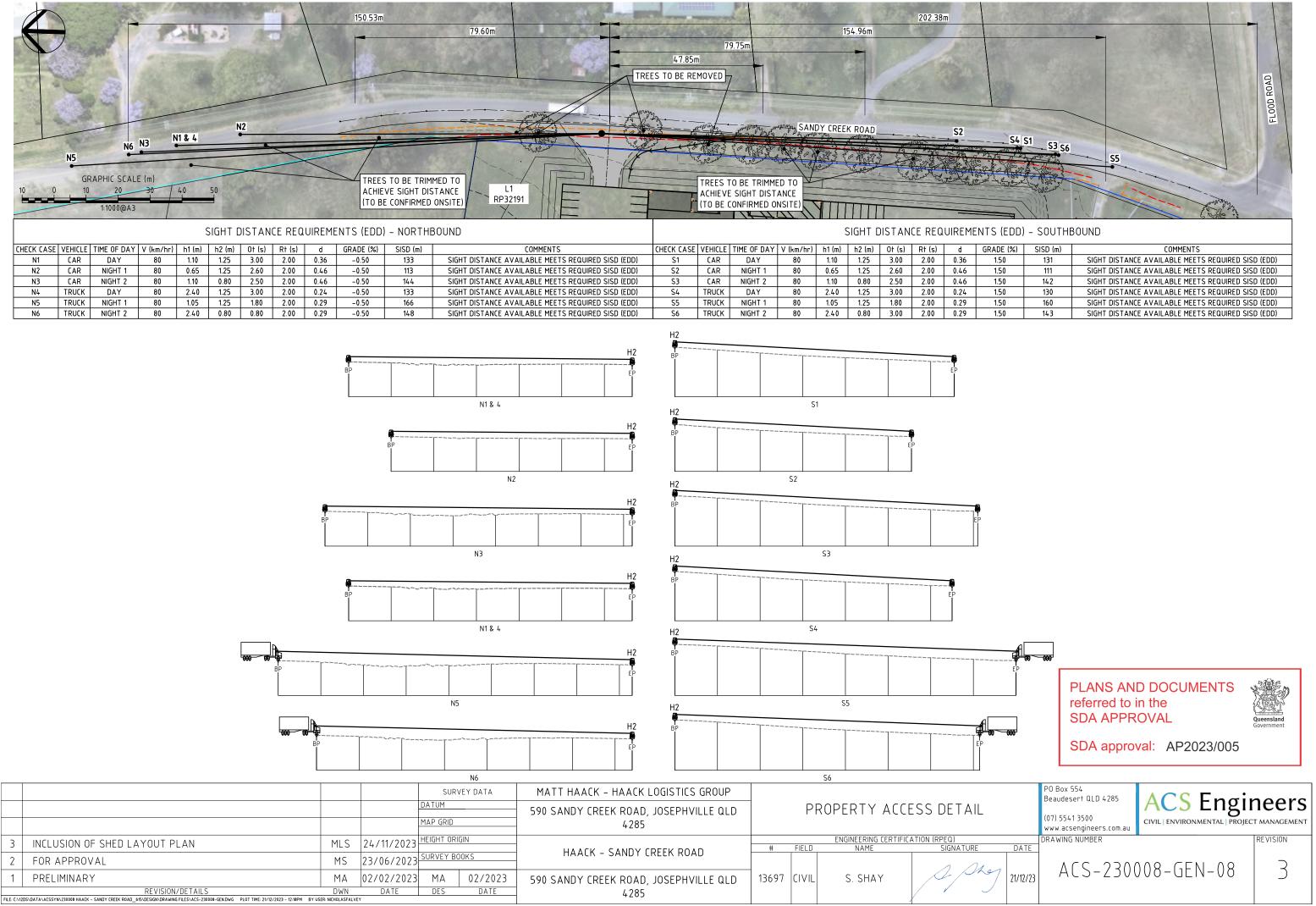
				SURVEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP						
				DATUM	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	DETAILED LAYOUT PLAN – STAGE					
				MAP GRID	4285						
2	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLC	2/ /11/2022	HEIGHT ORIGIN		ENGINEERING CEF			ATION (RPEQ)		
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2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY BOOKS					2 11		
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				SU	RVEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
				DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD] D	etaii	LED LAYOUT F	LAN – STAGE	
				MAP GRID		4285					
3	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN		24/11/2023				#	FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	ATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE	
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY	BOOKS	HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD				2 11	
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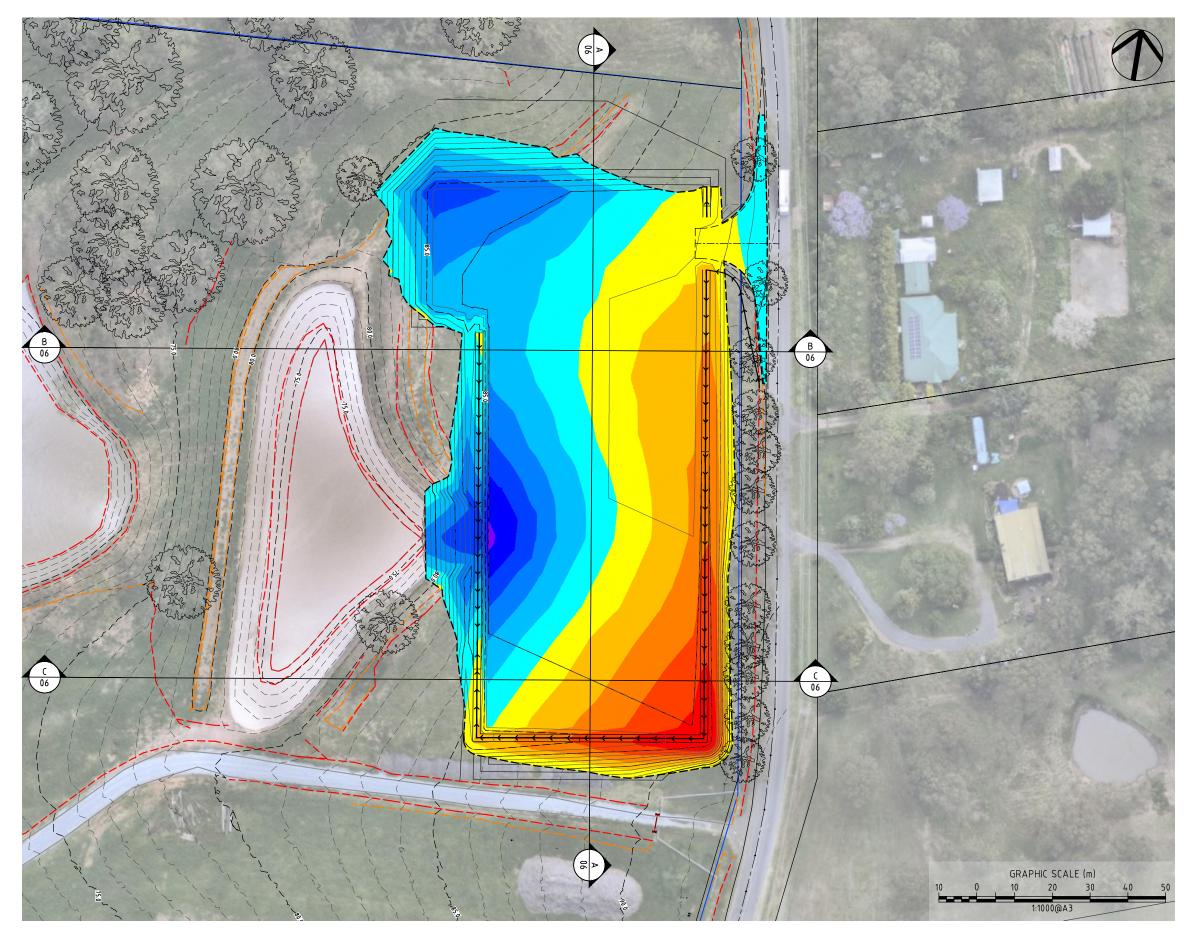


DATUM 590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD HARDSTANE) & SHED LAYOUT
	J & SHLD LATUUT
MAP GRID 4285	
HEIGHT ORIGIN ENGINEERING	G CERTIFICATION (RPEQ)
HAACK - SANDY CREEK ROAD # FIELD NAME	SIGNATURE
2 FOR APPROVAL MS 23/06/2023 SURVEY BOOKS HAALK - SANDY CREEK ROAD	2 21
1 PRELIMINARY MA 02/02/2023 MA 02/2023 S90 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD 13697 CIVIL S. SHA	Y he
REVISION/DETAILS DWN DATE DES DATE 4285	



<u>54 51 53 56</u> 55	FLOOD ROAD
	a carter

DE (%)	SISD (m)	COMMENTS
.50	131	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)
.50	111	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)
.50	142	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)
.50	130	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)
.50	160	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)
.50	143	SIGHT DISTANCE AVAILABLE MEETS REQUIRED SISD (EDD)



					RVEY DATA	MATT HAACK - HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
				DATUM MAP GRID		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD 4285	BI	BULK EATHWORKS PLAN – STAC			
٦	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLS	24/11/2023	HEIGHT OF	RIGIN				ENGINEERING CERTIFIC		
	INCEUSION OF SHED EATOUT FEAN					HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD	#	FIELD	NAME	SIGNATURE	
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY B	300KS	HAACK - SANDT CKEEK KOAD				2 14	
1	PRELIMINARY	MA	19/04/2023	MA	02/2023	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	13697	CIVIL	S. SHAY	- may	
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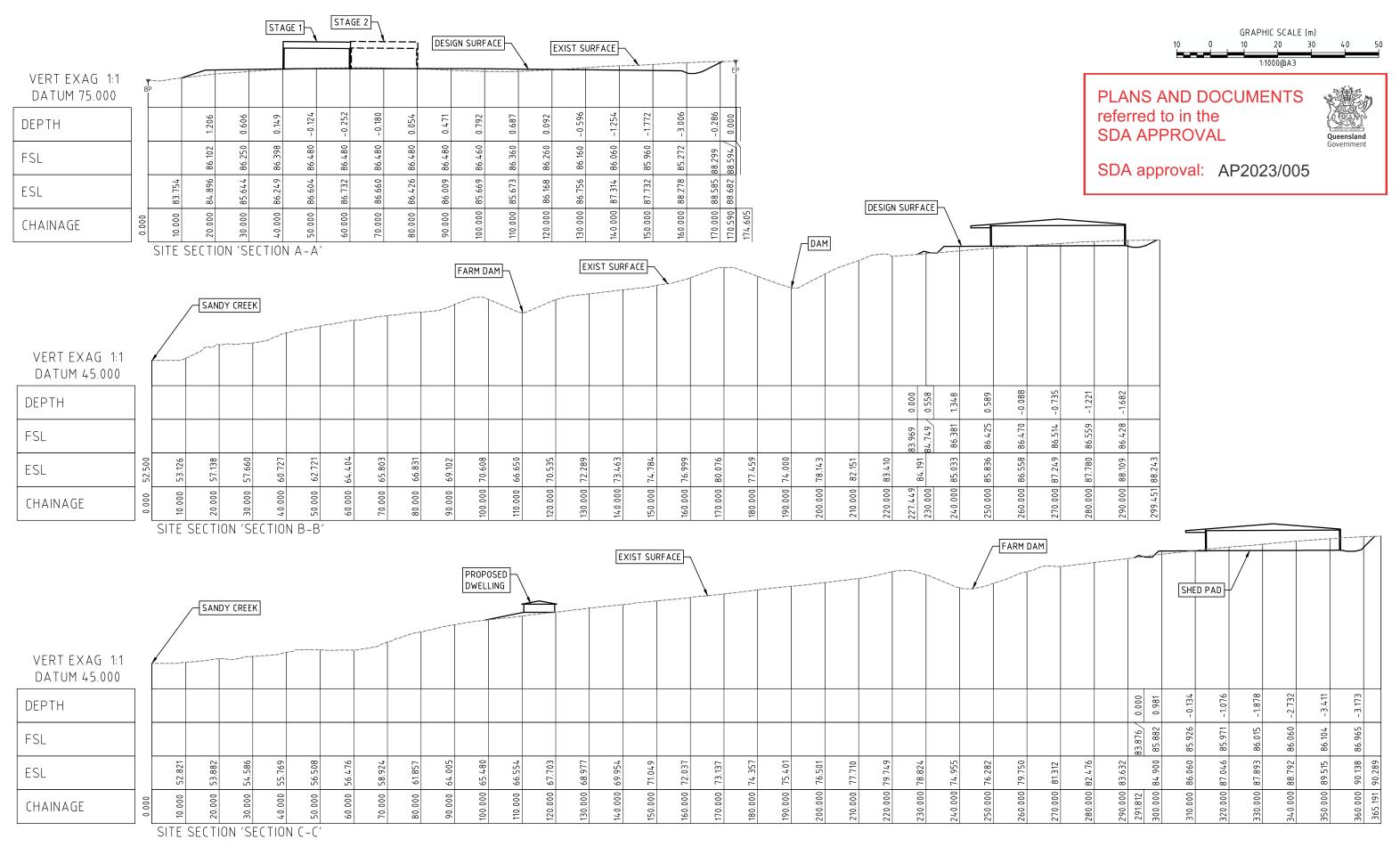
	CUT/FILLDEPTH RANGE											
NO.	MIN. LEVEL	MAX. LEVEL	COLOUR									
1	-5.000	-4.000										
2	-4.000	-3.000										
3	-3.000	-2.000										
4	-2.000	-1.000										
5	-1.000	0.000										
6	0.000	1.000										
7	1.000	2.000										
8	2.000	3.000										
9	3.000	4.000										
10	4.000	5.000										
11	5.000	6.000										

<u>STRIPPING VOLUME:</u> <u>PROPOSED PAD:</u>

CUT VOLUME = 9459.6m³ FILL VOLUME = 9606.5m³

NET: 146.9m³ (EXCESS FILL)





				SUR	RVEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP					
	DATUM					590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	SECTIONS				
				MAP GRID		4285					
3	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN		24/11/2023					FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	ATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE	
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY B	OOKS	HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD –				2 11.	
1	PRELIMINARY	MA	19/04/2023	MA	02/2023	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	13697	CIVIL	S. SHAY	Ina	
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		PO Box 554 Beaudesert QLD 4285	ACS Engir	neers
		(07) 5541 3500 www.acsengineers.com.au		
	DATE	DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION
7	21/12/23	ACS-2300	008-GEN-10	3

LANDSCAPE BUFFER

- LANDSCAPE BUFFER TO BE 5M WIDE.
- SPACING SHOULD RESULT IN PROMOTING QUICK VERTICAL GROWTH TO SHADE OUT WEED COMPETITION. 2
- LANDSCAPING BUFFER (8m WIDE) TO BE PLANTED (MINIMUM PLANTING DENSITY OF ONE (1) TREE OR SHRUB PER 16M²) WITH A MIXTURE OF UNDERSTOREY (SHRUB) AND 3 OVERSTORY (TREE) SPECIES ENDEMIC TO THE LOCAL REGIONAL ECOSYSTEM CONSISTING OF:
- INSIDE ROW LEPTOSPERMYM PETERSONII (EST. HEIGHT 4-5MN) MIDDLE ROW - MELALEUCA LINARIFOLIA (EST. HEIGHT 10M) OUTSIDE ROW - EUCALYPTUS MELANOPHLOIA (EST. HEIGHT 20M)

 - OTHER SUITABLE ALTERNATIVES INCLUDE: - EUCALYPTUS MOLUCCANA
 - ANGOPHORA FLORIBUNDA
 - CORYMBIA DARKSONIANA
 - LOPHOSTEMEN SUAVEOLENS
 - MELALEUCA BRACTEATA
 - MELALEUCA TRICHOSTACHYA
- 750MM TREES AND 500MM SHRUBS ARE TO BE PLANTED AS DETAILED IN INSET
- BUFFER AREA TO BE FENCED TO PROTECT TREES FROM CATTLE 5
- PLANTS TO BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ESTABLISHED. FAILURES TO BE REPLACED. 6.

PLANTING REQUIREMENTS

MULCHING

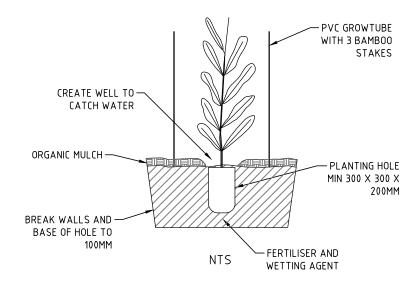
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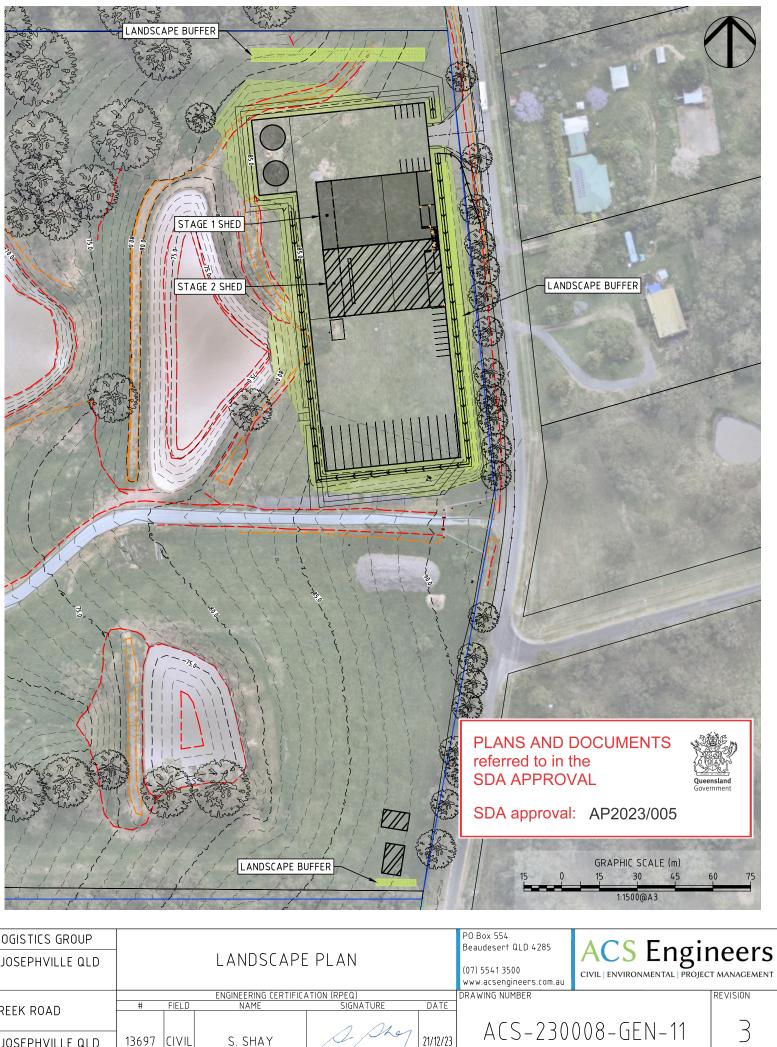
- LAY ORGANIC MULCH SUCH AS HOOP PINE FINES OR SIMILAR (TO MEET AS4454-2003) TO PROTECT BARE SOIL, RETAIN SOIL MOISTURE AND SUPPRESS WEED RE-GROWTH.
- ENSURE MULCH IS FREE OF WEED SEED OR FOREIGN OBJECTS.
- SPREAD TO A DEPTH OF 100MM 150MM AND ALLOW TO SETTLE FOR 4 WEEKS BEFORE PLANTING SEEDLINGS].
- SPOT SPRAY EMERGING WEEDS AS NECESSARY. D.

PLANTING 2.

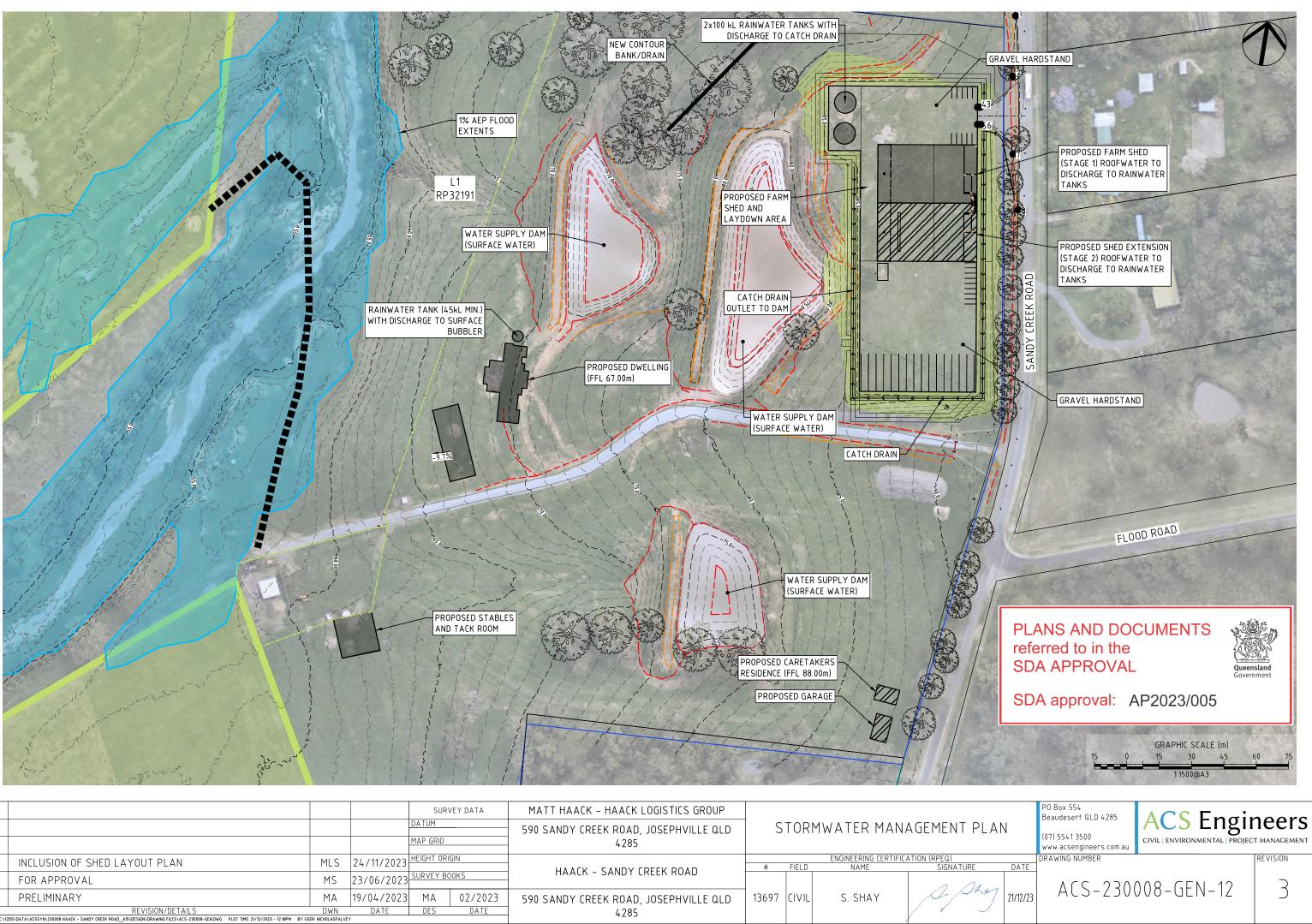
- RAKE AWAY AN AREA OF MULCH (MIN 300MM X 300MM) TO EXPOSE THE SOIL. Δ
- DIG A HOLE AT LEAST TWICE THE SIZE OF THE TUBE / POT (MIN 300MM X 300MM X 200MM DEEP) в
- DISTURB THE SURROUNDING SUBSTRATE UP TO 100MM TO AVOID LEAVING 'CLEAN' SIDES AND BASE OF THE HOLE PARTICULARLY WHEN AN AUGER HAS BEEN USED TO DIG THE С. HOLF.
- D
- POUR 5-6 LITERS OF WATER INTO THE HOLE AND ALLOW TO DRAIN FREELY. ADD SLOW RELEASE FERTILISER AND SOIL WETTING AGENT TO THE BASE OF THE WELL AND COVER WITH A SMALL AMOUNT OF EXISTING SOI, OR MIX IN WITH THE SOIL TO BE Ε.
- PLACED BACK AROUND THE PLANT. AVOID ANY CONTACT OF THE FERTILISER AND SOIL WETTING AGENT WITH THE PLANT ROOTS.
- PLANT THE SEEDLING SLIGHTLY BELOW THE SOIL LEVEL AND BACK FILL THE HOLE WITH EXISTING SOIL COVERING THE TOP OF THE POTTING MIX. CREATE A SMALL WELL TO CATCH WATER
- G. REPLACE MULCH AROUND THE PLANT. ENSURE NO MULCH TOUCHES THE BASE OF THE TRUNK, MAINTAINIUNG A SPACE OF 50-100MM BETWEEN MULCH AND TRUNK.
- ERECT A 'GROWTUBE' AROUND EACH PLANT, REMOVE GROWTUBES WHEN PLANTS ARE AT 1.5 TIMES THE HEIGHT OF THE GROWTUBE.
- WATER EACH PLANT THOROUGHLY WITHIN 1 HOUR OF PLANTING.
- WATERING 3.
- FOLLOW-UP WATERING SHOULD CONSIST OF: Α. - ONCE PER WEEK - FOR THE FIRST 4 WEEKS
- ONCE PER FORTNIGHT FOR 4 TO 6 WEEKS
- ONCE PER MONTH FOR 3 TO 6 MONTHS







				SUR	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP						
				DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD		LANDSCAPE PLAN				
				MAP GRID		4285						
3	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN		24/11/2023				#	FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	TATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE		
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY BOOKS		HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD				2 14		
1	1 PRELIMINARY		19/04/2023	3 MA 02/2023		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD		CIVIL	S. SHAY	1 they		
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			SUR	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP						
	DATUM 590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QI				590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLA					
			MAP GRID		4285						
3 INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN			1/2023 HEIGHT ORIGIN			#	FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	ATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE		
2 FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY B	OOKS	HAACK - SANDY CREEK ROAD				2 24		
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SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL - GENERAL NOTES:

- ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AND A REVISED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP) MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL IN THE EVENT THAT SITE CONDITIONS CHANGE SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THOSE CONSIDERED WITHIN THE ESCP.
- 2. WHERE THERE IS A HIGH PROBABILITY THAT SERIOUS OR MATERIAL ENVIRONMENTAL HARM MAY OCCUR AS A RESULT OF SEDIMENT LEAVING THE SITE. APPROPRIATE ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE IMPLEMENTED SUCH THAT ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE MEASURES ARE BEING TAKEN TO PREVENT OR MINIMISE SUCH HARM. ONLY THOSE WORKS NECESSARY TO MINIMISE OR PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL HARM SHALL BE CONDUCTED ON-SITE PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE AMENDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP).
- 3. IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE IT IS CONSIDERED NECESSARY TO PREPARE AN AMENDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP), AND WHERE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH AN AMENDED ESCP IS NOT IMMINENT, THEN ALL NECESSARY NEW OR MODIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL WORKS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE TO WITH IECA (2008) BEST PRACTICE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL. UPON APPROVAL OF THE AMENDED ESCP ALL WORKS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AMENDED PLAN.

SITE ACCESS:

2.

- PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF SITE WORKS, THE LOCATION OF THE SITE ACCESS POINT MUST BE VERIFIED WITH RELEVANT AUTHORITY.
- SITE ACCESS IS RESTRICTED TO ONE LOCATION. 2
- SITE EXIT POINT MUST BE APPROPRIATELY MANAGED TO MINIMISE THE RISK OF SEDIMENT BEING TRACKED ONTO SEALED PUBLIC ROADWAYS. З.
- STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM ACCESS ROADS AND STABILISED ENTRY/EXIT POINTS MUST DRAIN TO AN APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE.

SOIL AND STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT:

- ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE MEASURES MUST BE TAKEN TO OBTAIN THE MAXIMUM BENEFIT FROM EXISTING TOPSOIL, INCLUDING:
- WHERE THE PROPOSED AREA OF SOIL DISTURBANCE DOES NOT EXCEED 2500m², AND THE TOPSOIL DOES NOT CONTAIN UNDESIRABLE WEED SEED, THE TOP (i) 100mm OF SOIL LOCATED WITHIN AREAS OF PROPOSED SOIL DISTURBANCE (INCLUDING STOCKPILE AREAS) MUST BE STRIPPED AND STOCKPILED SEPARATELY FROM THE REMAINING SOIL
- WHERE THE PROPOSED AREA OF SOIL DISTURBANCE EXCEEDS 2500m², AND THE TOPSOIL DOES NOT CONTAIN UNDESIRABLE WEED SEED, THE TOP 50mm OF (ii) SOIL MUST BE STRIPPED AND STOCKPILED SEPARATELY FROM THE REMAINING TOPSOIL, AND SPREAD AS A FINAL SURFACE SOIL
- IN AREAS WHERE THE TOPSOIL CONTAINS UNDESIRABLE WEED SEED, THE AFFECTED SOIL MUST BE SUITABLY BURIED OR REMOVED FROM THE SITE. (iii)
- STOCKPILES OF ERODIBLE MATERIAL THAT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE ENVIRONMENTAL HARM IF DISPLACED MUST BE:
- APPROPRIATELY PROTECTED FROM WIND, RAIN, CONCENTRATED SURFACE FLOW AND EXCESSIVE UP-SLOPE STORMWATER SURFACE FLOWS.
- (ii) LOCATED AT LEAST 2m FROM ANY HAZARDOUS AREA, RETAINED VEGETATION OR CONCENTRATED DRAINAGE LINE.
- (iii) LOCATED UP-SLOPE OF AN APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM.
- (iv) PROVIDED WITH AN APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE COVER (SYNTHETIC, MULCH OR VEGETATIVE) IF THE MATERIALS ARE LIKELY TO BE STOCKPILED FOR MORE THAN 28 DAYS.
- PROVIDED WITH AN APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE COVER (SYNTHETIC, MULCH OR VEGETATIVE) IF THE MATERIALS ARE LIKELY TO BE STOCKPILED FOR MORE (v) THAN 10 DAYS DURING THOSE MONTHS THAT HAVE A HIGH FROSION RISK
- PROVIDED WITH AN APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE COVER (SYNTHETIC, MULCH OR VEGETATIVE) IF THE MATERIALS ARE LIKELY TO BE STOCKPILED FOR MORE (vi) THAN 5 DAYS DURING THOSE MONTHS THAT HAVE A EXTREME EROSION RISK.
- A SUITABLE FLOW DIVERSION SYSTEM MUST BE ESTABLISHED IMMEDIATELY UP-SLOPE OF A STOCKPILE OF ERODIBLE MATERIAL THAT HAS THE POTENTIAL ٦ TO CAUSE ENVIRONMENTAL HARM IF DISPLACED IF THE UP-SLOPE CATCHMENT AREA DRAINING TO THE STOCKPILE EXCEEDS 1500m²

DRAINAGE CONTROL:

- ALL DRAINAGE CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE APPLIED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. 1
- WHEREVER REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE. STORMWATER RUNOFF ENTERING THE SITE FROM EXTERNAL AREAS. AND NON-SEDIMENT LADEN (CLEAN) 2 STORMWATER RUNOFF ENTERING A WORK AREA OR AREA OF SOIL DISTURBANCE, MUST BE DIVERTED AROUND OR THROUGH THAT AREA IN A MANNER THAT MINIMISES SOIL EROSION AND THE CONTAMINATION OF THAT WATER FOR ALL DISCHARGES UP TO THE SPECIFIED DESIGN STORM DISCHARGE.
- DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD, ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE MEASURES MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO CONTROL FLOW VELOCITIES IN SUCH A З. MANNER THAN PREVENTS SOIL EROSION ALONG DRAINAGE PATHS AND AT THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT OF ALL DRAINS AND DRAINAGE PIPES DURING ALL STORMS UP TO THE RELEVANT DESIGN STORM DISCHARGE.
- TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE, ALL WATERS DISCHARGED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE MUST DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE 4 LAND, IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER, AND AT A LEGAL POINT OF DISCHARGE.
- WHEREVER REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE, "CLEAN" SURFACE WATERS MUST BE DIVERTED AWAY FROM SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND ANY UNTREATED, 5 SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS.
- DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD, ROOF WATER MUST BE MANAGED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMISES SOIL EROSION THROUGHOUT THE SITE, AND SITE WETNESS WITHIN ACTIVE WORK AREAS.
- 7 DRAINS ARE TO BE SIZED AND CONSTRUCTED TO ALLOW WATER TO DRAIN. THIS MAY INCLUDE CUTTING INTO THE EARTH TO OBTAIN THE REQUIRED FALL TO PERMIT DRAINAGE. DIMENSIONS GIVEN ARE A MINIMUM.

EROSION CONTROL:

- ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE APPLIED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IECA (2008) BEST PRACTICE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL 1.
- THE APPLICATION OF LIQUID-BASED DUST SUPPRESSION MEASURES MUST ENSURE THAT SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF RESULTING FROM SUCH MEASURES DOES 2. NOT CREATE A TRAFFIC OR ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD.
- 3 ALL TEMPORARY EARTH BANKS, FLOW DIVERSION SYSTEMS, AND EMBANKMENTS ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTED SEDIMENT BASINS MUST BE MACHINE-COMPACTED, SEEDED AND MULCHED FOR THE PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING A TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER GRADING.
- UNPROTECTED SLOPE LENGTHS MUST NOT EXCEED 80m, OR AN EQUIVALENT VERTICAL FALL OF 3m DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.
- 5. ANY BATTER IS EXPOSED TO RAINFALL AT ANY INSTANT.
- SYNTHETIC REINFORCED EROSION CONTROL MATS AND BLANKETS MUST NOT BE PLACED WITHIN, OR ADJACENT TO, RIPARIAN ZONES AND WATERCOURSES IF SUCH MATERIALS ARE LIKELY TO CAUSE ENVIRONMENTAL HARM TO WILDLIFE OR WILDLIFE HABITATS.
- A MINIMUM 60% GROUND COVER MUST BE ACHIEVED ON ALL NON-COMPLETED EARTHWORKS EXPOSED TO ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION IF FURTHER 7. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES OR SOIL DISTURBANCES ARE LIKELY TO BE SUSPENDED FOR MORE THAN 30 DAYS DURING THOSE MONTHS WHEN THE EXPECTED RAINFALL IS LESS THAN 30mm; MINIMUM 70% COVER WITHIN 30 DAYS IF BETWEEN 30 AND 45mm; MINIMUM 70% COVER WITHIN 20 DAYS IF BETWEEN 45 AND 100mm; MINIMUM 75% COVER WITHIN 10 DAYS IF BETWEEN 100 AND 225mm; AND MINIMUM 80% COVER WITHIN 5 DAYS IF GREATER THAN 225mm (ALTERNATIVE TO ABOVE)

SEDIMENT CONTROL:

- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE APPLIED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IECA (2008) BEST PRACTICE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL. 1.
- 2. OPTIMUM BENEFIT MUST BE MADE OF EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO TRAP SEDIMENT WITHIN THE WORK SITE, AND AS CLOSE AS PRACTICABLE TO ITS SOURCE.
- З. SEDIMENT TRAPS MUST BE INSTALLED AND OPERATED TO BOTH COLLECT AND RETAIN SEDIMENT.
- THE POTENTIAL SAFETY RISK OF A PROPOSED SEDIMENT TRAP TO SITE WORKERS AND THE PUBLIC MUST BE GIVEN APPROPRIATE CONSIDERATION, 4. ESPECIALLY THOSE DEVICES LOCATED WITHIN PUBLICLY ACCESSIBLE AREAS.
- ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE MEASURES MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT, OR AT LEAST MINIMISE, THE RELEASE OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE. 5.
- SUITABLE ALL-WEATHER MAINTENANCE ACCESS MUST BE PROVIDED TO ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. 6.
- SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MUST BE DE-SILTED AND MADE FULLY OPERATIONAL AS SOON AS REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE AFTER A 7. SEDIMENT-PRODUCING EVENT, WHETHER NATURAL OR ARTIFICIAL, IF THE DEVICE'S SEDIMENT RETENTION CAPACITY FALLS BELOW 75% OF ITS DESIGN RETENTION CAPACITY
- MATERIALS, WHETHER LIQUID OR SOLID, REMOVED FROM SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES DURING MAINTENANCE OR DECOMMISSIONING, MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A 8. MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE ONGOING SOIL EROSION OR ENVIRONMENTAL HARM.

SITE REHABILITATION:

- 1. ALL DISTURBED AREAS IDENTIFIED AS VERY LOW, LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH, OR EXTREME EROSION RISK MUST BE SUITABLY STABILISED WITHIN 30, 30, 20, 10 OR 5 DAYS RESPECTIVELY, OR PRIOR TO ANTICIPATED RAINFALL, WHICHEVER IS THE GREATER, FROM THE DAY THAT SOIL DISTURBANCES ON THE AREA HAVE BEEN FINAL ISED.
- 2. A MINIMUM 60% GROUND COVER MUST BE ACHIEVED ON ALL COMPLETED EARTHWORKS EXPOSED TO ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION WITHIN 30 DAYS DURING THOSE MONTHS WHEN THE EXPECTED RAINFALL IS LESS THAN 30mm: MINIMUM 70% COVER WITHIN 30 DAYS IF BETWEEN 30 AND 45mm; MINIMUM 70% COVER WITHIN 20 DAYS IF BETWEEN 45 AND 100mm; MINIMUM 75% COVER WITHIN 10 DAYS IF BETWEEN 100 AND 225mm; AND MINIMUM 80% COVER WITHIN 5 DAYS IF GREATER THAN 225mm. (ALTERNATIVE TO ABOVE)
- 3. NO COMPLETED EARTHWORK SURFACE MUST REMAIN DENUDED FOR LONGER THAN 60 DAYS.
- 4. THE TYPE OF GROUND COVER APPLIED TO COMPLETED EARTHWORKS IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE ANTICIPATED LONG-TERM LAND USE, ENVIRONMENTAL RISK, AND SITE REHABILITATION MEASURES.
- 5. UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OR WHERE DIRECTED BY THE APPROVED REVEGETATION PLAN, TOPSOIL MUST BE PLACED AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 75mm ON SLOPES 4:1 (H:V) OR FLATTER, AND 50mm ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 4:1.
- 6. SOIL AMELIORANTS MUST BE ADDED TO THE SOIL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED LANDSCAPE/REVEGETATION PLANS AND/OR SOIL ANALYSIS.
- 7. TEMPORARY SITE STABILISATION PROCEDURES MUST COMMENCE AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE NOMINATED SITE SHUTDOWN DATE. AT LEAST 70% STABLE COVER OF ALL UNSTABLE AND/OR DISTURBED SOIL SURFACES MUST BE ACHIEVED PRIOR TO ANY SHUTDOWN. THE STABILISATION WORKS MUST NOT RELY UPON THE LONGEVITY OF NON-VEGETATED EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR TEMPORARY SOIL BINDERS.
- 8. ALL UNSTABLE OR DISTURBED SOIL SURFACES MUST BE ADEQUATELY STABILISED AGAINST EROSION (MINIMUM 70%) PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF USE, OR SURVEY PLAN ENDORSEMENT

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٦	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLS	24/11/2023	HEIGHT ORIGIN					ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	
						HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD	#	FIELD	NAME	SIGNATURE
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023	SURVEY BOOKS						1 Ma
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THE CONSTRUCTION AND STABILISATION OF EARTH BATTERS STEEPER THAN 6:1 (H:V) MUST BE STAGED SUCH THAT NO MORE THAN 3 VERTICAL-METRES OF

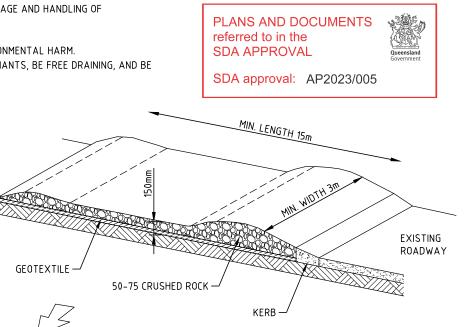
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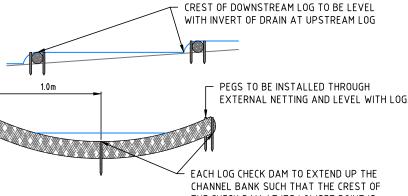
SITE MANAGEMENT:

- ALL OFFICE FACILITIES AND OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES MUST BE LOCATED SUCH THAT ANY LIQUID EFFLUENT (E.G. PROCESS WATER, WASH-DOWN WATER, 1 EFFLUENT FROM EQUIPMENT CLEANING, OR PLANT WATERING), CAN BE TOTALLY CONTAINED AND TREATED WITHIN THE SITE.
- THE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE MUST AIM TO MINIMISE THE DURATION THAT ANY AND ALL AREAS OF SOIL ARE EXPOSED TO THE EROSIVE EFFECTS OF WIND. 2. RAIN AND SURFACE WATER
- LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES MUST BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (ESCP) AND ASSOCIATED З DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS.
- LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES MUST BE UNDERTAKEN IN SUCH A MANNER THAT ALLOWS ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE MEASURES TO BE 7. UNDERTAKEN TO:
- ALLOW STORMWATER TO PASS THROUGH THE SITE IN A CONTROLLED MANNER AND AT NON-EROSIVE FLOW VELOCITIES UP TO THE SPECIFIED DESIGN STORM DISCHARGE
- (ii) MINIMISE SOIL EROSION RESULTING FROM RAIN, WATER FLOW AND/OR WIND:
- (iii) MINIMISE ADVERSE EFFECTS OF SEDIMENT RUNOFF. INCLUDING SAFETY ISSUES:
- (iv) PREVENT OR AT LEAST MINIMISE. ENVIRONMENTAL HARM RESULTING FROM WORK-RELATED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT RUNOFF:
- (v) ENSURE THAT THE VALUE AND USE OF LAND/PROPERTIES ADJACENT TO THE DEVELOPMENT (INCLUDING ROADS) ARE NOT DIMINISHED AS A RESULT OF THE ADOPTED ESC MEASURES.
- ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN: 5
- THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL CONDITION ISSUED BY RELEVANT AUTHORITY: AND/OR (i)
- THE APPROVED ESCP AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION: OR (ii)
- THE LATEST VERSION OF IECA (2008) BEST PRACTICE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL IF THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE NOT CONTAINED IN (iii) THE APPROVED ESCP.
- ANY WORKS THAT MAY CAUSE SIGNIFICANT SOIL DISTURBANCE AND ARE ANCILLARY TO ANY ACTIVITY FOR WHICH REGULATORY BODY APPROVAL IS 6. REQUIRED, MUST NOT COMMENCE BEFORE THE ISSUE OF THAT APPROVAL.
- ADDITIONAL AND/OR ALTERNATIVE ESC MEASURES MUST BE IMPLEMENTED IN THE EVENT THAT THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY IDENTIFIES THAT UNACCEPTABLE OFF-SITE SEDIMENTATION IS OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF THE WORK ACTIVITIES.
- LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES MUST NOT CAUSE UNNECESSARY SOIL DISTURBANCE IF AN ALTERNATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS IS AVAILABLE THAT ACHIEVES THE SAME OR EQUIVALENT OUTCOMES AT AN EQUIVALENT COST.
- SEDIMENT (INCLUDING CLAY, SILT, SAND, GRAVEL, SOIL, MUD, CEMENT AND CERAMIC WASTE) DEPOSITED OFF THE SITE AS A DIRECT RESULT OF AN ON-SITE 9 ACTIVITY, MUST BE COLLECTED AND THE AREA APPROPRIATELY CLEANED/REHABILITATED AS SOON AS REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE, AND IN A MANNER THAT GIVES APPROPRIATE CONSIDERATION TO THE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE SEDIMENT DEPOSITION.
- 10 ALL WASTE INCLUDING PETROLEUM AND OIL-BASED PRODUCTS, MUST BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING AN INTERNAL WATER BODY, OR AN EXTERNAL DRAIN STORMWATER SYSTEM OR WATER BODY
- ALL FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS, INCLUDING ALL LIQUID CHEMICALS IF SUCH CHEMICALS COULD POTENTIALLY BE WASHED OR DISCHARGED FROM 11 THE SITE, ARE STORED AND HANDLED ON-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RELEVANT STANDARDS SUCH AS AS1940 THE STORAGE AND HANDLING OF FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS.
- NO MORE THAN 150m OF A STORMWATER, SEWER LINE OR OTHER SERVICE TRENCH MUST TO BE OPEN AT ANY ONE TIME. 12.
- SITE SPOIL MUST BE LAWFULLY DISPOSED OF IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT RESULT IN ONGOING SOIL EROSION OR ENVIRONMENTAL HARM. 13.
- ALL FILL MATERIAL PLACED ON SITE MUST COMPRISE ONLY NATURAL EARTH AND ROCK, AND IS TO BE FREE OF CONTAMINANTS, BE FREE DRAINING, AND BE 14 COMPACTED IN LAYERS NOT EXCEEDING 300mm TO 90% MODIFIED MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS1289

SITE MAINTENANCE:

- ENSURE ESC PLANS ARE ON SITE AT ALL TIMES. 1
- ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, INCLUDING DRAINAGE CONTROL MEASURES, MUST BE MAINTAINED IN PROPER WORKING ORDER AT ALL TIMES 2 DURING THEIR OPERATIONAL LIVES.
- З. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, INCLUDING DRAINAGE CONTROL MEASURES, MUST BE FULLY OPERATIONAL AND MAINTAINED IN PROPER WORKING ORDER AT ALL TIMES DURING THE MAINTENANCE PERIOD AS SPECIFIED BY RELEVANT AUTHORITY.
- ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, INCLUDING DRAINAGE CONTROL MEASURES, MUST BE REMOVED AFTER ACHIEVING A SATISFACTORY "OFF-MAINTENANCE INSPECTION" BY THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY.
- ALL DRAINAGE, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSPECTED: 5
 - (i) AT LEAST DAILY (WHEN WORK IS OCCURRING ON-SITE):
 - (ii) AT LEAST WEEKLY (WHEN WORK IS NOT OCCURRING ON-SITE);
 - (iii) WITHIN 24 HOURS OF EXPECTED RAINFALL; AND
 - WITHIN 18 HOURS OF A RAINFALL EVENT OF SUFFICIENT INTENSITY AND DURATION TO CAUSE RUNOFF ON-SITE). (iv) IF FAILURE HAS BEEN FOUND, IMMEDIATE REMEDIATIONS ARE REQUIRED AND TO A STANDARD WHICH ENSURES THE FAILURE DOES NOT CONTINUALLY OCCUR UNDER DESIGN RAINFALL CONDITIONS.
- WASHING/FLUSHING OF SEALED ROADWAYS MUST ONLY OCCUR WHERE SWEEPING HAS FAILED TO REMOVE SUFFICIENT SEDIMENT AND THERE IS A COMPELLING 6 NEED TO REMOVE THE REMAINING SEDIMENT (E.G. FOR SAFETY REASONS). IN SUCH CIRCUMSTANCES, ALL REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE USED TO PREVENT, OR AT LEAST MINIMISE, THE RELEASE OF SEDIMENT INTO RECEIVING WATERS. ONLY THOSE MEASURES THAT WILL NOT CAUSE SAFETY AND PROPERTY FLOODING ISSUES SHALL BE EMPLOYED. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM ROADWAYS MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A LAWFUL MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE ONGOING SOIL EROSION OR ENVIRONMENTAL HARM.
- SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM SEDIMENT TRAPS AND PLACES OF SEDIMENT DEPOSITION MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A LAWFUL MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE ONGOING SOIL EROSION OR ENVIRONMENTAL HARM.
- MAINTENANCE IS TO OCCUR ON ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WHEN CAPACITY REDUCES BY 30%. 8
- MAINTENANCE MOWING OF ALL ROAD SHOULDERS, TABLE DRAINS, BATTERS AND OTHER SURFACES LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION MUST 9 AIM TO LEAVE THE GRASS LENGTH NO SHORTER THAN 50mm WHERE REASONABLE AND PRACTICABLE.
- 10 MAINTENANCE MOWING MUST BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT WILL NOT DAMAGE THE PROFILE OF FORMED, SOFT EDGES, SUCH AS THE CREST OF EARTH **EMBANKMENTS**
- ENSURE RECORDS ARE KEPT OF DATES OF MAINTENANCE AND THE PERSONNEL RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERTAKING THE MAINTENANCE. 11.
- 12. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE SOIL EROSION IS LIMITED AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE. THE TECHNIQUES USED IN THE DESIGN SHOULD NOT BE
- TAKEN AS THE MAXIMUM CONTROLS ALLOWABLE, AND THE CONTRACTOR MAY ADD CONTROLS AS NECESSARY TO LIMIT SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.
- 13 MANNER WHICH COMPLIES WITH IECA GUIDELINES 2008, CHAPTER 7. SITE INSPECTION.





GEO LOGS (COIR LOGS) NOT TO SCALE

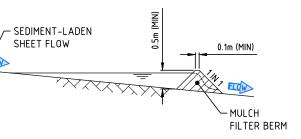
EACH LOG CHECK DAM TO EXTEND UP THE CHANNEL BANK SUCH THAT THE CREST OF THE CHECK DAM AT ITS LOWSET POINT IS LOWER THAN GROUND LEVEL AT EITHER END OF THE CHECK DAM.

RUNDEE FROM PAD DIRECTED TO SEDIMENT TRAP

ROCK SHAKE DOWN AREA DETAIL SCALE N.T.S.

				SUR	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP			או אאם כבחוז	MENT CONTROL
			-	DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD				
			-	MAP GRID		4285			ILS	
3	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLS	24/11/2023	HEIGHT OR	IGIN			FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIF	ICATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE
2	FOR APPROVAL		23/06/2023			HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD			NATL	
1	1 PRELIMINARY		19/04/2023 MA 02/2023		02/2023	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD		7 CIVIL	S. SHAY	2 they
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MONITORING SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN BY A PERSON WITH EXPERIENCE IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MONITORING. MONITORING IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN IN A



MULCH FILTER BERM SECTION SCALE 1:100

RECOMMENDED MAX. BERM SPACING

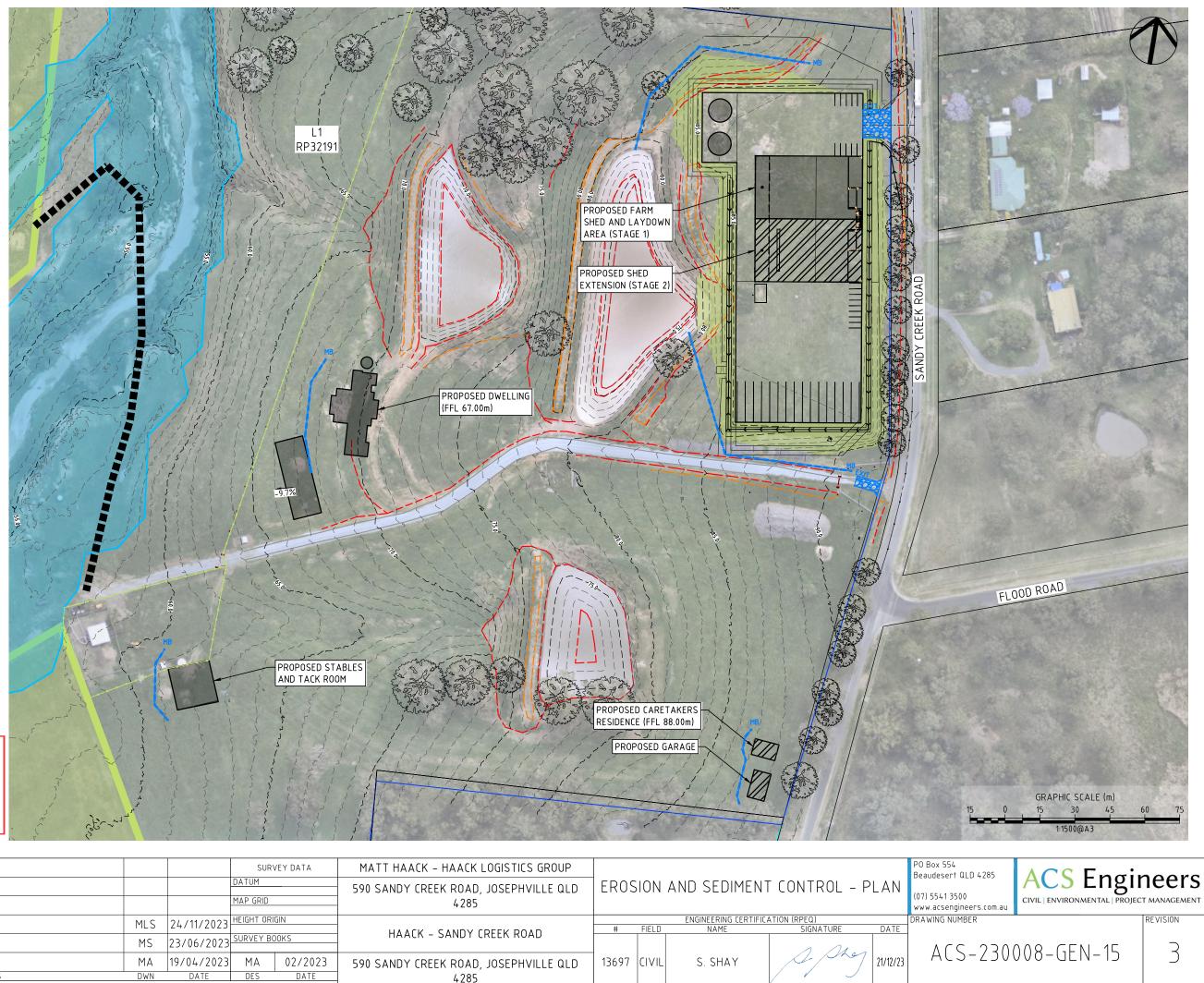
LAND SLOPE	MAX. SPACING
<2%	30m
5%	25m
10%	15m
20%	8m

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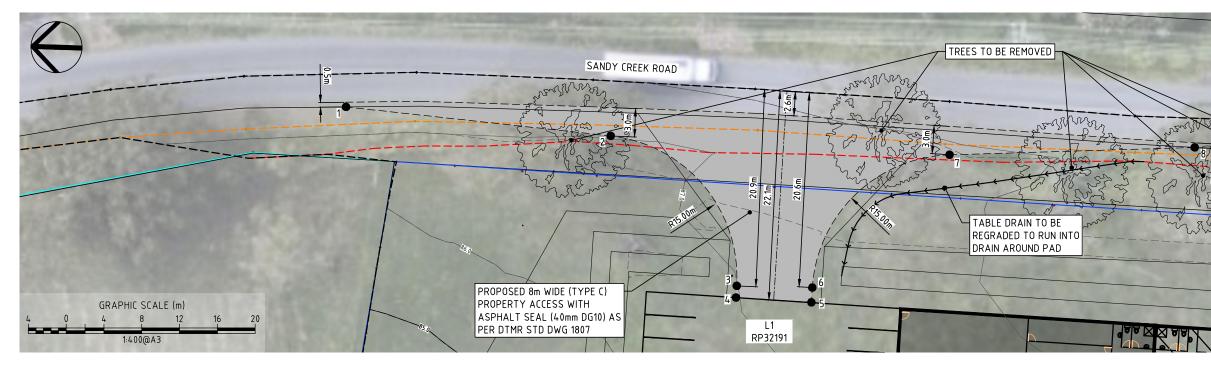






PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL

				SUR	VEY DATA	MATT HAACK – HAACK LOGISTICS GROUP				
			-	DATUM		590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE QLD	EROS	SION A	AND SEDIMEN	T CONTROL – F
			-	MAP GRID		4285				
3	INCLUSION OF SHED LAYOUT PLAN	MLS	24/11/2023	HEIGHT OR	IGIN		#	FIELD	ENGINEERING CERTIFIC	ATION (RPEQ) SIGNATURE
2	FOR APPROVAL	MS	23/06/2023 SURVEY BOOKS		OOKS	HAACK – SANDY CREEK ROAD				
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3	3928.322	2354.372
4	3927.088	2354.243
5	3927.921	2346.286
6	3929.485	2346.450
7	3945.755	2334.480
8	3950.856	2309.027

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R.L. 82.400)																						
CUT/ FILL				-0.037	-0.079	- 0.120	- 0.162	-0.204	-0.246	-0.283	-0.311	-0.322	-0.328	-0.335	- 0.308	-0.305	-0.272	-0.196	- 0.157	- 0.118	-0.077	-0.037	+0.004
DESIGN SURFACE			87.942	87.892	87.842	87.792	87.742	87.692	87.642 87.639	87.588	87.524	87.483	81.449	87.365	87.271	87.264	87.171 87.071	86.971	86.871	86.771	86.671	86.571	86.471 86.456
EXISTING SURFACE	88.09 88.04	87.99	87.94	87.86	87.76	87.67	87.58	87.49	87.40 87.39	87.30	87.21	87.16	81.12	87.03	86.96	86.96	86.90 86.90	86.77	86.71	86.65	86.59	86.53	86.47 86.47
CHAINAGE	0.000 1.000	2.000	3.000	4.000	5.000	6.000	7.000	8.000	9.000 9.064	10.000	11.000	11.564	000.71	13.000	14.000	14.064	15.000	17.000	18.000	19.000	20.000	21.000	22.000 22.14.7
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Stormwater Management Plan



PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



SDA approval: AP2023/005

Project Name: Dwelling House, Farm Sheds, Stables, Transport Depot and Caretaker Residence

Prepared for: M J Haack Pty Ltd

590 Sandy Creek Road, JOSEPHVILLE QLD 4285

L1 RP32191

ACS Engineers 18 January 2024 230008



Document Control:-

Rev No.	Author	Reviewed	Approved		Description	Date
	Name	Name	Name	Signature		
1	Malinda Sellars and Susan Shay		Susan Shay RPEQ 13697		Draft for pre lodgement	
2	Malinda Sellars and Susan Shay		Susan Shay RPEQ 13697		Updated following prelodgement	23.06.2023
3	Malinda Sellars and Susan Shay	Susan Shay RPEQ 13697	Susan Shay RPEQ 13697	Digitally signe by Susan Shay RPEQ 13697 Date: 2024.01.18	^e RFI Update	18.01.2024

Notes:

Revision 1	Draft
Revision 2	Updated following prelodgement review. Seqwater codes added.
Revision 3	Updated in response to Referral Entity Information Request

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PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



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1. Introduction

This site-based stormwater management plan has been developed to identify the potential stormwater related impacts from the proposed development of 590 Sandy Creek Road, Josephville QLD 4285 at L1 RP32191.

The following report details the stormwater management requirements for the development in order to achieve compliance with the Scenic Rim Regional Council Planning Scheme, Seqwater Development Guidelines for Water Quality Management in Drinking Water Catchments and the Environmental Protection (Water and Wetland Biodiversity) Policy 2019, specifically the necessary mitigation measures to ensure that there is:

- no worsening of the stormwater discharges from the site into downstream properties,
- no worsening of flood plain extents; and
- no increased risk of contamination of downstream surface waters.

2. Site Details / Description of Development

The subject land comprises of one allotment: Lot 1 RP32191 (38.1 ha). The property is located approximately 8.8km south-west of the township of Beaudesert and lies within the Scenic Rim Regional Council (SRRC) Local Government Area, but with land uses regulated as part of the BSDA. The subject lot is zoned within the Special Industry Precinct as well as the Transition Precinct of the BSDA, as shown below in Figure 1.

The site has its access via Sandy Creek Road, a local council controlled road, constructed to a bitumen standard.

The land is not burdened by any easements.

The proposed development includes the construction of:

- Dwelling House
- Farm/Machinery Shed
- Transport Depot
- Caretakers Accommodation
- Horse Stable
- Property Access

The overall layout of the proposed development is detailed in the drawing set ACS-230008-GEN.

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SDA approval: AP2023/005

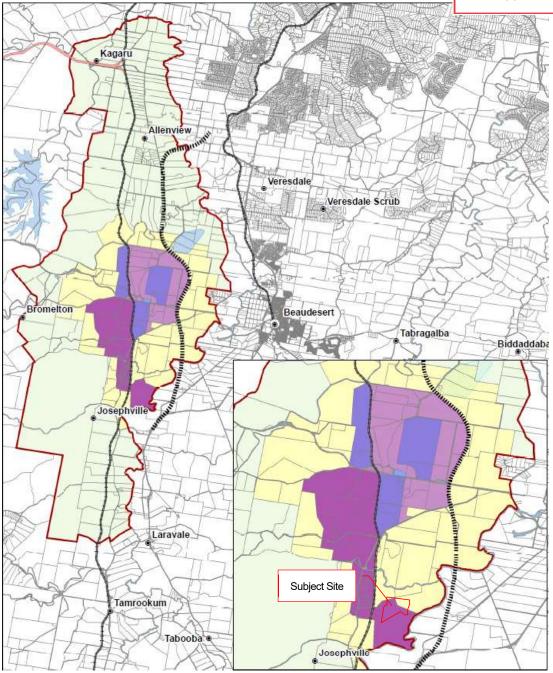


Figure 1: BSDA Precinct Map (BSDA Development Scheme, 2017)

3. Stormwater Quantity

The proposed development including a dwelling house, farm shed and stable will contribute to an increase in the overall impervious area of the site. The extent of this increase and the proposed mitigation measures to ensure no worsening of the stormwater discharges from the site into downstream properties, and no worsening of flood plain extents is detailed in the subsequent sections.

3.1. Catchment Description

For the purpose of the site-based stormwater management plan, the defined catchment is limited to the external boundaries of the development site. The development site falls generally to the west to Sandy Creek flood plain, as seen in Figure 2.



The site is surrounded by rural properties all zoned within the Special Industry Precinct under the BSDA. The subject lot is partially developed with cropping area and three (3) existing dams.



Figure 2: Subject Site Features (Source: QLD Globe)

The catchment has good grass cover, interspersed with trees. A slow soil permeability has been assumed for the stormwater runoff calculations due to the soil characteristics identified for the site, which are described as predominantly hard pedal red duplex soils.

3.2. Runoff Modelling

Runoff estimates have been calculated using the rational method and the project model which includes the property surface sourced from LiDAR data. The following results are to be read in conjunction with the project drawing set ACS-230008-GEN.

3.2.1. Methodology

The rational method has been used to determine the peak runoff volumes generated from the site both pre and post development. The rainfall data for the site has been sourced from the Bureau of Meteorology design rainfall data system (2016). Slopes, stream lengths, sheet flow lengths and other characteristics have all been derived from the project model, created in Civil 3D.

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3.2.2. Inputs

The following catchment data is required to calculate the expected peak flows:

- Catchment area and stream lengths
- Catchment fraction of impervious area
- Time of Concentration (TOC)
- IFD Data

Table 1 below details the catchment information in the pre- and post-development peak flow calculations. Time of concentration values were calculated in accordance with Friend's equation.

Table 1. Catchment Characteristics

Scenario	Catchment Area	Fraction Impervious	Time of Concentration
Pre Development	38 ha	0%	22 minutes
Post Development	38 ha	2%	22 minutes

3.2.3. Analysis Results

Table 2 below details the pre- and post-developed peak discharge rates and volumes from the site using the Rational Method.

Table 2. Peak Discharge Rates

Scenario	Peak Discharge 1% AEP	Volume 1% AEP	
Pre Development	12.2 m³/s	13,407 m ³	
Post Development	12.2 m³/s	13,558 m ³	

The increase in impervious area (hardstand and sheds) does not result in a shortening of the time of concentration due to the catchment characteristics and therefore there is not expected to be a change in the peak flow discharging the site as a result of the proposed development. The runoff will be managed through a new grassed swale and the existing farm dams which will be used for on site irrigation and stock water needs. Roofwater will be captured in two 100kL rainwater tanks for potable and landscaping uses. Overflows from the tanks will be directed to the grassed swale drain.

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4. Stormwater Management

Stormwater on site and discharging from the site will be managed in accordance with this report and project drawing ACS-230008-GEN-09.

While there is not expected to be an increase in peak discharge post-development, the following stormwater quantity management controls have been proposed:

- Overland flow directed into swale drains;
- Roof water directed to rainwater tanks through stormwater pipes with overflow to discharge to swale drain;
- Swale drains directed to water supply dams each with dual bywashes. Dam outflows to occur as overland sheet flow via the bywashes and directed to natural drainage paths.

5. Stormwater Quality

5.1. Potential Impacts

On-site operations have the potential to impact on surface runoff water quality if inadequately managed. These activities may include:

- Initial construction phase development (e.g. groundcover/topsoil stripping, road and hardstand construction)
- Increased oils, greases, fuels, and other chemicals due to increased traffic activity
- Spillage during handling and transport of materials
- Effluent disposal

Urbanisation has the potential to increase the quantity of stormwater pollutants that are discharged to receiving waters. This can have a detrimental effect on those receiving environments and potentially impact the natural water cycle, ecological health and drinking water supplies.

5.2. Proposed Stormwater Quality Management

The potential impacts of on-site operations for the subject site prompt the requirement of a stormwater quality treatment train. The treatment train consists of the following:

- 1. Stormwater runoff from roof to be directed into rainwater tanks
- 2. Tank overflows and carparking areas directed to grassed swale drains;
- 3. Undercover washdown areas will incorporate Fox Diversion (or approved similar) systems with silt baskets, holding tanks, oil/water separator and pump out tanks
- 4. Grassed swale drains to be directed to detention basins/water supply dams.
- 5. Captured water in rainwater tanks and detention basins/water supply dams to be reused on site for potable and irrigation uses.

The stormwater quality treatment train is shown on drawing ACS-230008-GEN-09.

Effluent disposal from the proposed dwelling, caretakers residence and transport depot amenities will be undertaken in accordance with the Site and Soil Evaluation (Stavs Hydraulic Services, Jan 2024). Refer to Appendix C).



5.3. Compliance

The established controls have been assessed to ensure the achievement of reductions in mean annual nutrient loads from an unmitigated development.

The existing and developed drainage path characteristics, along with source contaminant characteristics, were modelled using the MUSIC software in accordance with MUSIC Modelling Guidelines (Water By Design, 2018). The reduction targets are outlined in Table 3 below along with the modelled train effectiveness, demonstrating compliance with the reduction targets. The MUSIC Modelling Report can be provided upon request for model input and results information.

Nutrient Parameter	Reductions in mean annual load from unmitigated development (Seqwater Development Guidelines)	Modelled Treatment Train Effectiveness
Total Suspended Soils (kg/yr)	85% Reduction	98.9%
Total Phosphorous (kg/yr)	65% Reduction	97.5%
Total Nitrogen (kg/yr)	45% Reduction	96.8%
Gross Pollutants (kg/yr)	95% Reduction	100%

Table 3. Nutrient Removal Targets and Model Results

If best practice management is followed, along with the proposed stormwater quality management controls, the quality of the stormwater discharging from the site is expected to remain at or below pre-development quality. Runoff from all disturbed areas of the site will be directed to the water supply/detention basin for sediment capture and nutrient removal.

The development will also achieve the requirements of the *Seqwater Development Guidelines for Water Quality Management in Drinking Water Catchments*. Refer to Appendix B) and Appendix D).

6. Erosion and Sediment Control

Sediment will be generated as a result of the development works. While the potential exists for sediment to be generated during the construction phase, the potential sediment volume is dependent upon rainfall, site topography, the material type exposed, flow characteristics, and the construction practices and program.

The potential sediment yield during construction will vary with the extent of site exposed during the construction programme. It is recommended that the following measures be adopted along with the whole of site and construction stag specific sediment and erosion control plans detailed on drawings ACS-230008-GEN-09 to 12 to ensure that the water quality of the receiving waters is not adversely impacted by the development works.

Potential erosion and sediment generation and risk assessment is undertaken using the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE).

RUSLE calculates annual erosion rates based on:

 $A = R \times K \times LS \times C \times P$

Where:

- A = annual soil loss due to erosion (t/ha/yr)
- R = rainfall erosivity factor
- K = soil erodibility factor
- LS = topographic factor derived from slope length and gradient
- C = cover and management factor
- P = erosion control practice factor

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Table 3 below shows the factors used for the erosion risk assessment.

Table 3. RUSLE Factors Used for Assessment

Factor	Reference	Value
R	Calculated from Table E1 from the IECA Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control, Book 2, Appendix E.	2177
K	Table E4 from the IECA Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control, Book 2, Appendix E.	0.025
LS	Table E3 from the IECA Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control, Book 2, Appendix E.	2.81
C	Table E9 from the IECA Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control, Book 2, Appendix E.	1
Ρ	Table E11 from the IECA Best Practice Erosion and SedimentControl, Book 2, Appendix E.	1.3

Figure 3 and Figure 4 below show the calculated annual soil loss and associated risk assessment, varied by the LS factor.

		Slope Length	(m)						
	Slope Gradient								
Slope Ratio	(%)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
1 in 100	1	8	9	11	11	12	13	13	13
1 in 50	2	13	17	20	22	24	25	28	29
1 in 33	3	17	24	29	33	37	40	43	46
1 in 25	4	21	31	38	45	50	55	60	64
1 in 20	5	25	38	48	57	64	71	78	84
1 in 16.6	6	30	45	57	69	79	88	96	104
1 in 12.5	8	37	57	76	93	107	120	119	145
1 in 10	10	48	77	102	124	144	163	181	199
1 in 8.3	12	60	98	131	161	188	214	238	262
1 in 7.1	14	72	120	160	197	232	265	296	326
1 in 6.3	16	84	140	189	234	276	316	354	391
1 in 5.5	18	96	161	217	270	319	366	411	454
1 in 5	20	106	180	245	306	362	416	468	518
1 in 4	25	133	229	313	392	466	538	606	673
1 in 3.3	30	158	273	376	473	565	653	738	821
1 in 2.5	40	200	352	490	618	741	860	974	1132
1 in 2	50	236	417	582	737	886	1029	1061	1415

Figure 3 - Annual Soil Loss and Erosion Risk Ratings for Various Slopes

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Soil Loss Class	Soil Loss Rate (t/ha/yr)	Soil Erosion Risk Rating
1	0 to 150	Very Low
2	151 to 225	Low
3	226 to 350	Low-moderate
4	351 to 500	Moderate
5 to 6	501 to 1500	High
7	above 1500	Extremely High

Figure 4 - Erosion Risk Rating Definitions

Table 4 - Annual Soil Loss Estimate and Control Type Recommended

Result	Rate	Value
Α	t/ha/yr	199
Α	t/yr	149
Control		Туре 2

The subject site has a very low soil erosion risk rating. However erosion and sediment controls are required to mitigate against any potential risks.

Erosion and sediment control measures are to be adopted in accordance with IECA Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control, and drawings ACS-230008-GEN-09 to 12, and the measures are outlined below.

6.1. Construction Phase

- a) Construct stabilised shake down area at the site access.
- b) Construct diversion drains and direct to existing detention basin as detailed on the engineering plans.
- c) Erect sediment controls including mulch bunds as detailed on the engineering plans.
- d) Strip topsoil and stockpile within the controlled area on site.
- e) Carry out bulk earthworks involving cut to fill.
- f) Exposed soils and stockpiles are to be watered, as required, to minimise soil losses as a result of wind.
- g) Finalised earthworks to be top soiled and seeded or landscaped as directed.
- h) Maintain all sediment devices and other interim controls regularly.
- i) Remove sediment controls after the establishment of the landscaping and grass cover.

6.2. Operation Phase

- a) Drains to be turfed, or grass seeded with turf reinforcing matting overlain. Water collected within the detention basins may be used for watering grass seed.
- a) Basin in/outflow areas to be lined with geotextile, overlain by 50 mm rock and allowed to grass over for velocity and scour control.
- b) All embankments post construction to be turfed, grass seeded, or stabilised with plants and heavy mulching.

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6.3. Maintenance of Controls

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Type of Maintenance	Measures
General	 These notes must be read in conjunction with the erosion and sediment control site plan and associated notes. Should there be a discrepancy in notes between documents, this document takes precedence. The Owner is responsible for the installation and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures during the construction phase. In the event that site conditions change considerably from those considered within this management plan, a revised erosion and sediment control plan must be designed and implemented. All erosion and sediment control measures, including drainage control, must be maintained in proper working order at all times during their operational lives. Sediment removed from sediment traps and places of sediment deposition must be disposed of in a lawful manner that does not cause ongoing soil erosion or environmental harm.
Land Clearing	 Land clearing should not occur unless preceded by the installation of all necessary drainage and sediment control structures. The exemption would be any land clearing necessary to allow installation of these control measures. Land clearing is to be staged according to the relevant staging plans. If vegetation clearing must be carried out well in advance of earthworks, this clearing should be limited to the removal of woody vegetation only. Clearing and grubbing and removal of existing ground cover should not occur until immediately prior to earthworks occurring in that stage of works.
Construction Staging	 Where possible, the bulk of the earth works should occur when rainfall totals are typically at the lowest for the year. Construction staging to occur in accordance with the approved construction staging plans. All new erosion and sediment controls are to be constructed, and existing controls cleaned, prior to the construction of the next stage of the project.
Site Access	Site entry/exit points shall be appropriately managed to minimize the risk of sediment being tracked onto sealed, public roadways.
Soil Stockpiling	 If any soils are to be stockpiled on site, stockpiles must be: Appropriately protected from wind, concentrated surface flow and excessive up-slope stormwater surface flows. Located at least 2 m away from any hazardous area, retained vegetation, or drainage area. Located up-slope of an appropriate sediment control system (correctly installed sediment fence). Provided with an appropriate protective cover (synthetic, mulch or vegetative) if soil is to be stockpiled for more than 28 days.
Site Monitoring	 Erosion and sediment control measures to be inspected daily by the site manager (or nominated representative) during periods of runoff-producing rainfall, and de-silted, repaired and amended as appropriate. Daily site inspections, during periods of runoff-producing rainfall must include: all drainage, erosion and sediment control measures; occurrences of excessive sediment deposition (whether on-site or offsite); all site discharge points. Weekly site inspections must include: all drainage, erosion and sediment control measures; occurrences of excessive sediment deposition (whether on-site or offsite);

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Type of Maintenance Control	Measures
	 occurrences of construction materials, litter or sediment placed, deposited, washed or blown from the site, including deposition by vehicular movements; litter and waste receptors; oil, fuel and chemical storage facilities. Site inspections immediately prior to anticipated runoff-producing rainfall must include: all drainage, erosion and sediment control measures Site inspections immediately following runoff-producing rainfall must include: treatment and de-watering requirements of sediment basins; sediment deposition within sediment control measures; occurrences of excessive sediment deposition (whether on-site or offsite); occurrences of construction materials, litter or sediment placed, deposited, washed or blown from the site, including deposition by vehicular movements; occurrences of excessive erosion, sedimentation, or mud generation around the site office, car park and material storage areas. In addition to the above, monthly site inspections must include: surface coverage of finished surfaces (both area and percentage cover); health of recently established vegetation;
Drainage Control Management	stabilisation. Inspect all drainage lines for erosion around the edges of the drain prior to forecast rainfall, and after significant runoff producing storm events, and repair if required. Check for movement of, or damage to, the drain and immediately repair as necessary. During construction, all reasonable and practicable measures must be implemented to control flow velocities in such a manner that prevents soil erosion along drainage paths and at the entrance/exit point of all drains and drainage structures. All temporary earth banks, flow diversion systems, and sediment basin embankments must be machine compacted, seeded and mulched within 10 days of formation for the purpose of establishing a vegetative cover, unless otherwise stated in an approved Vegetation Management Plan. Remove all sediment from the drains prior to and after rainfall events to
Sediment Control Management	 ensure the sediment pond capacity is maintained. Inspect coarse sediment traps prior to forecast rain events and after runoff producing storm events. All necessary repairs are to be made immediately. When making repairs, restore the system to the original configuration, unless an amended layout is required or specified. If the fabric is sagging at any point, install additional support posts/stakes. Remove any accumulated sediment in sediment traps or catch drains if the sediment deposit exceeds a depth of 100 mm. All detention basins are to be inspected after each runoff event. If damage has occurred at inlet and outlet weir locations, make the necessary repairs. Clean out accumulated sediment once basin storage has been decreased by 20%. Water within the detention basin is to be reused on site only, and can be used for dust suppression and vegetation watering. Reuse of water from the detention basins is to be undertaken in a manner which does not cause erosion in the applied area.

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Type of Maintenance Control	Measures
Site Rehabilitation/Revegetation Management	Site revegetation must occur in accordance with the approved vegetation plan. A minimum 70% ground cover must be achieved on all non-completed earthworks if further construction activities or soil disturbances are likely to be suspended for more than 30 days. No completed earthworks surface shall remain denuded for longer than 60 days. All cut and fill earth batters must be topsoiled and grassed/seeded within 10 days of completion of grading. Maintenance responsibility for the establishment of vegetation, that is the requirement to irrigate the plants and grass used to generate ground cover, lies with the Owner.
Responses to Complaints	Complaints during this type of construction usually relate to noise and dust. Generally, the complaint is made known to the Contractor, the Principal, the Superintendent and/or the Council. The Contractor shall keep a record of all complaints identifying the nature of the complaint and any remedial action taken to address such complaint. The Contractor shall act as soon as possible to remedy the problem, if the complaint is considered valid and reasonable. A complaints record shall be made available by the contractor for regular inspection by the Superintendent. For the purpose of direction by others, the Contractor's details are to be supplied to Council prior to commencement of the works. Complaints relating to dust shall require the Contractor to immediately water the exposed earth surfaces and any soil stockpile areas as well as haul roads to control dust. Such watering shall occur immediately when the complaint is registered with the Contractor. Watering should continue periodically until conditions suit, or the works are completed to a state that prevents dust transport.

7. Conclusion

This Stormwater Management Plan Report has demonstrated that the potential stormwater impacts associated with the proposed development are within acceptable and manageable limits. The development is unlikely to have any adverse impacts on neighboring properties and the surrounding environment, with respect to stormwater quantity and quality.

If best practice management is followed, along with the proposed stormwater quantity and quality management controls, the site will achieve compliance with the *Bromelton State Development Area Planning Scheme*, the *Scenic Rim Regional Council Planning Scheme*, the *Seqwater Development Guidelines for Water Quality Management in Drinking Water Catchments* and the *Environmental Protection (Water and Wetland Biodiversity) Policy 2019* and the likelihood of environmental harm will be low.

This report is to be read and implemented in conjunction with the stormwater management and general layout plans ACS-230008-GEN.

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





Appendix A) Drawing List

Sheet Number	Sheet Title	Revision
01	Cover Sheet	3
02	General Notes	3
03	Staging Plan	3
04	Overall Site Layout Plan	3
05	Detailed Layout Plan – Stage 1	3
06	Detailed Layout Plan – Stage 2	3
07	Shed Layout Plan	3
08	Property Access Detail	3
09	Bulk Earthworks Plan – Stage 1	3
10	Sections	3
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12	Stormwater Management Plan	3
13	Erosion and Sediment Control – Notes	3
14	Erosion and Sediment Control – Details	3
15	Erosion and Sediment Control – Plan	3
16	Surrounding Precincts Plan	3

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Appendix B) Seqwater Development Guidelines Assessment Benchmarks for Assessable Development – Performance Outcomes

Table 5: Assessment benchmarks for assessable development

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Separation distances		
PO1 Development maintains an adequate separation distance and avoids areas of potential flood inundation to protect waterways or water supply sources.	AO1.1 Development complies with the separation distances and other locational criteria specified in Table 5. Note: Where another setback distance or locational criteria is identified within this code, the higher standard applies.	Complies . Proposed development is located more than 100m from the nearest waterway (stream order 5) and the 1%AEP flood extent. Refer to drawing set ACS-230008-GEN for details.
Wastewater (other than domestic wastewater)		
PO2 Development does not discharge wastewater unless demonstrated to not compromise the drinking water supply environmental values. Note: Drinking water supply environmental values are referenced within Schedule 1 of the <i>Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 2009.</i>	AO2.1 Development does not generate wastewater. OR AO2.2 If development generates wastewater, the wastewater is collected and contained on-site, and is: a. lawfully disposed to sewer;	Complies . The proposed development does release wastewater other than domestic wastewater. Any wastewater associated with the service area and truck wash down is captured and directed to treatments systems with wastewater stored in holding tanks for disposal off site by licenced contractors
	 b. transferred off-site for treatment/disposal to an appropriately licensed facility; 	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	 c. reused on-site in a closed-cycle irrigation scheme, industrial processes, washing/cleaning or other purpose; or d. treated to meet the drinking water supply environmental values prior to release. Note: Where development involves the release of wastewater, a Wastewater Management Plan (WWMP) is to be prepared by a suitably qualified person. Plans are to provide an assessment of all risks and associated mitigation strategies for preventing adverse impact on the quality of drinking water and may require a water quality monitoring program. 	
 PO3 Where treated wastewater is irrigated to land, it will: a. be confined to a dedicated area of land onsite; b. be suitably located and sized; and c. use irrigation practices that will not harm groundwater and on-site surface water quality. Note: Developments involving the irrigation of wastewater will need to provide a MEDLI Modelling 	No acceptable outcome is nominated.	Complies . The proposed development does not release wastewater other than domestic wastewater.
Report demonstrating the nominated land area for wastewater irrigation is suitably located and sized to accommodate design wastewater loads, storages are suitably sized to accommodate		PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL
design wastewater loads, and proposed irrigation		SDA approval: AP2023/005

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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
practices will not damage water quality. It is recommended the modelling exercise incorporate scenarios based on both a 10-year and 20-year planning horizon.		
Solid Waste		
PO4 Solid wastes generated by the development must be managed, stored and disposed in a manner that does not adversely impact on the quality of any surface water or groundwater.	 AO4.1 The stockpiling of waste litter, manure and other organics is undertaken as follows: a. on surfaces constructed with permanent impervious underlay to prevent leaching (groundsheets will only be accepted where stockpiling is temporary); b. located outside of an effluent irrigation area; c. located 3m above the seasonal high-water table and away from recharge areas; d. sized to accommodate the proposed disposal timeframes; 	Complies. The proposed development is not an intensive animal industry. The proposed development site is located within SRRC's domestic waste collection zone. Any commercial waste/non-standard domestic waste is able to be transported by the residents/operators to Council's nearest waste disposal facility at Bromelton. The proposed development is not expected to generate any additional waste loads than those typical of a rural residential use or light industry.
	e. designed with run-off diversion drainage upstream to prevent uncontaminated stormwater movement into the area;	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL

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PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



SDA approval: AP2023/005

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	 f. bunded to capture contaminated run-off for appropriate treatment and disposal; and g. covered, desirably within a shed but otherwise with weatherproof material. AND AO4.2 The reuse of waste litter, manure and other organics as soil conditioners or fertilizers is not undertaken on-site. AND AO4.3 Composting activities are not undertaken on-site. AND AO4.4 Carcasses are not buried on-site except as required in accordance with any emergency animal 	
	disease directive by a biosecurity agency.	
Wastewater		
PO5 Wastewater treatment systems are designed, constructed and managed in ways that do not compromise the drinking water supply environmental values.	AO5.1 Development does not involve an on-site wastewater facility. OR	Complies. The on site wastewater treatment and effluent disposal system achieves a medium risk classification in accordance with Seqwater's Land Use Risk Tool for on-site sewage facilities. Refer to Site and Soil Evaluation Report by Stav's Hydraulic

ACS Engineers

ACS Engineers

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Note: water supply environmental values are referenced within Schedule 1 of the Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 2009.	AO5.2 Where the combined total peak design capacity of wastewater treatment is less than 21 Equivalent Persons (EP), the design of the system achieves a Low or Medium Risk classification in accordance with Seqwater's <i>Land Use Risk Tool for on-site</i> <i>sewage facilities.</i> OR AO5.3 Where the combined total peak design capacity of wastewater treatment is 21EP or greater, the system is located and designed in the following manner: a. achieves a minimum secondary treatment standard with nutrient removal and	Services and LURT Output. The design capacity is less than 21 EP.
	 disinfection; b. on land at or above the 0.5% AEP flood event; c. the hydraulic capacity of the system is five times the average dry weather flow (ADWF); d. no direct discharge of sewage to a waterway or water supply source occurs, 	
	unless during a bypass event that exceeds peak hydraulic capacity and sewage is screened and disinfected before release;	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	 e. where treated effluent will be used in irrigation, application is: confined to a dedicated area of land suitably located and sized, and using irrigation practices that will not adversely affect groundwater and surface water quality; and located on land at or above the 0.5% AEP flood event; and f. where the combined total peak design capacity of wastewater treatment is 1500EP or greater, and direct discharge to a waterway is the only reasonably practical disposal option, the contribution of flow from the system must be modelled over the range of reasonably expected flow events. If the proportion of flow is: i. <10% of the total flow, 3-log reduction bacteria and virus, and 4-log reduction protozoa, minimum pathogen log-reduction values apply; or ii. >10% of the total flow, it must demonstrate compliance with the Australian guidelines for water recycling (Phase 2): 	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL
	Augmentation of drinking	SDA approval: AP2023/005

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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	water supply (to be undertaken in consultation with Seqwater). Note: Developments involving the irrigation of wastewater will need to provide a MEDLI Modelling Report demonstrating the nominated land area for irrigation is suitably located and sized to accommodate design wastewater loads, storages are suitably sized to accommodate design wastewater loads and proposed irrigation practices will not result in any adverse impact on water quality. It is recommended the modelling exercise incorporate scenarios based on both a 10-year and 20-year planning horizon and incorporate a minimum of three irrigation concepts.	
Vegetation management		
PO6 Maintain the current extent of any vegetation located adjacent, or connected, to any waterway or water supply source.	 a. 25m setback to a stream order 1–3; b. 50m setback to a stream order 4 or greater; c. 200m setback to a full supply level of a dam, lake or reservoir or watercourse that 	Complies. No clearing is proposed within the waterways or 50m setback of the waterways. The development is not undertaken within the 1% AEP flood extent and is not undertaken on land with a slope greater than 15%.
	serves as a potable water supply; d. is not undertaken on land within the 1% AEP flood event; and	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	e. is not undertaken on a slope greater than 15%.	
Stormwater quality and hydrology		
PO7 Manage stormwater at the construction phase to protect drinking water supply environmental values and facilitate the achievement of water quality objectives for receiving waters.	AO7.1 At the construction stage, an erosion and sediment control program (ESCP) demonstrates that stormwater achieves the design objectives listed in Table A of the SPP (appendix 2): <i>Construction</i> <i>Phase – Stormwater management design</i> <i>objectives</i> (all parts).	Complies. A construction stage erosion and sediment control plans has been developed as part of this site based stormwater management plan. Refer to section 6 of this report and the proposal plans ACS-230008-GEN.
Note: Drinking water supply environmental values are referenced within Schedule 1 of the <i>Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 2009.</i>	OR AO7.2 An ESCP demonstrates how stormwater quality will be managed at the construction stage in accordance with an acceptable regional or local guideline so that target contaminants are treated to a design objective at least equivalent to Table A of the SPP (all parts). OR AO7.3 Stormwater run-off generated during construction is captured and transferred off-site or captured and treated to any applicable re-use standards and reused on-site.	
PO8	AO8.1	Complies . The proposed stormwater quality treatment train achieves the minimum reduction in

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Manage stormwater during operational (postconstruction) stages to protect drinking water supply environmental values and facilitate the achievement of water quality objectives for receiving waters. Note: Drinking water supply environmental values are referenced within Schedule 1 of the <i>Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 2009.</i>	Development does not involve an impervious area greater than 1,000m ² . OR AO8.2 Development is for reconfiguring a lot that; a. will not create more than two additional lots; or b. involves a land area less than 1,000m ² . OR AO8.3 Stormwater run-off generated during operation (post-construction) demonstrates a minimum reduction in mean annual load from unmitigated development that achieves the following stormwater management design objectives: • 85% reduction in total suspended solids; • 65% reduction in total phosphorus; • 45% reduction in total nitrogen; and • 95% reduction in gross pollutants. OR AO8.4	mean annual loads (AO8.3) from the unmitigated development. Refer to section 5 of this report. PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL SDA approval: AP2023/005



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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance		
	Stormwater run-off generated during operation is captured and transferred off-site or captured and treated to any applicable re-use standards and reused on-site. Note: A Site Stormwater Quality Management Plan is to be prepared by a suitably qualified individual such as a Civil Engineer or an Environmental Professional and is to be certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPEQ) (Civil or Environmental) to demonstrate compliance with the stormwater design objectives.			
PO9 Development maintains or improves the quality of surface water by adopting measures that exclude livestock from entering a water body where a site is being used for animal husbandry or animal- keeping activities.	No acceptable outcome is nominated.	No livestock we the subject sit the existing far under controll areas on either limited to the	he waterway is fenced from livestock. will have access to water bodies on te except when crossing the creek via arm track and bed level crossing, led conditions, to access grazing er side. Access to the creek will be time to move the herd from one side approx. $1 - 2$ hours)	
PO10 Development avoids and minimises changes to the existing surface water natural hydrological regime so that: a. there is no change to the reference high- flow and low-flow duration frequency curves, low-flow spells frequency curve	No acceptable outcome is nominated.	not expected water natural	s demonstrated in this report there is to be any change to existing surface hydrological regimes as a result of development. Existing flows will be	
and mean annual flow to and from waterways as a result of the development;			PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL	*





Perforr	nance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance		
b.	any relevant flows into waterways comply with the relevant flow objectives of the applicable water plan for the area; and				
C.	the collection and re-use of stormwater occurs so there is no increase to the velocity or volume of stormwater flows entering a waterway.				
PO11		No acceptable outcome is nominated.	N/A. No artifici	al waterways are proposed.	
a. b.	sign and location of artificial waterways: use natural channel design principles to minimise erosion, flooding and maintenance while maximising ecological and aesthetic values of waterways; are compatible with any existing natural waterways; and are designed to ensure surface water hydrological regimes are maintained.	Note: The Ipswich City Council Waterway and Channel Rehabilitation Guidelines or Brisbane City Council Natural Channel Design Guidelines demonstrate suitable natural channel design works.			
	pment maintains the existing groundwater ogical regime.	AO12.1 Development does not change the existing groundwater hydrological regime by lowering or raising the water table and hydrostatic pressure outside the bounds of variability of existing predevelopment conditions.		e proposed development is not ange existing groundwater gimes.	
		AND AO12.2		PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL	

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PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



ACS Engineers	
CIVIL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT MANAGEMENT	

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	 Development does not result in the ingress of saline water into freshwater aquifers. Note: Where development is likely to impact on the water table, a hydrological assessment undertaken by a suitably qualified professional may be required to demonstrate no adverse impact on the groundwater hydrological regime. 	
Excavation and filling		
PO13 The siting and design of earthworks minimises impacts on the natural landform that may cause contamination or interfere with the flow of a waterway or water supply source.	 AO13.1 Earthworks comply with the following locational criteria: a. 25m setback to a stream order 1–3; b. 50m setback to a stream order 4 or greater; c. 200m setback to a full supply level of a dam, lake or reservoir or watercourse which serves as a potable water supply; d. is not undertaken on land at or below the 1% AEP; and e. is not undertaken on a slope greater than 15%. 	Complies . Earthworks comply with the locational criteria and further an erosion and sediment control plan has been prepared in accordance with best practice which if followed will minimise movement of sediment off site.
PO14 Any earthworks minimise erosion and the movement of sediment off-site.	No acceptable outcome is nominated.	Complies . An erosion and sediment control plan has been prepared in accordance with best practice which if followed will minimise movement of sediment off site.

Note: A Sediment and Erosion Control Plan is to be prepared by a suitably qualified and		
experienced professional in accordance with best practice such as IECA 2008, Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control.		
Dangerous goods, hazardous substances or enviro	onmentally hazardous materials	
PO15 Dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials are stored and handled in a manner that minimises the potential for contamination of surface and groundwater in the event of a leak or spill.	 AO15.1 The storage or handling of dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials involves an aggregate quantity less than 200L or 200kg. OR AO15.2 The storage or handling of dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials with an aggregate quantity greater than 200L or 200kg and less than 1000L or 1000kg maintains the following separation distances: a. 100m to a minor waterway; b. 100m to a stream order 4 or greater; and c. 800m to a full supply level of a dam, lake or reservoir or watercourse that serves as a potable water supply. 	Complies. Dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials greater than a 200L or 200kg and less than 1000L or 1000kg may be stored or handled on site from time to time. All dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials will be appropriately stored, undercover, within the heavy machinery shed located more than 100m from Sandy Creek, above the 1% AEP and bunded via secondary containment to recover spills and in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1940-2004: The Storage and Handling of Flammable and Combustible Liquids. The storage of petroleum products in bulk (diesel - 30,000L and adblue 5000L) will be aboveground in self-bunded vessels that meet Australian Standard AS 1692 Steel Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids. Refer to drawings ACS- 230008-GEN-07.



AO15.3	
 Dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials are located and stored in the following manner: a. is not undertaken on land within the 1% AEP flood event; b. undercover in a building or similar structure; c. in or on a dedicated impervious secondary containment store or device that permits full recovery of spills; d. in a manner that prevents the movement of packages/containers from their place of storage during a flood event; and e. in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1940-2004: The Storage and Handling of Flammable and Combustible Liquids. OR AO15.4 The storage of dangerous goods, hazardous substances or environmentally hazardous materials (other than petroleum products) in aggregate quantities greater than 1000L or 1000kg is not undertaken unless a site-specific risk assessment presents minimal risk to drinking water quality. 	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	For petroleum products only:	
	AO15.5	
	The storage of petroleum products in bulk (greater than 1000L) aboveground uses self-bunded vessels that meet <i>Australian Standard AS 1692</i> <i>Steel Tanks for Flammable and Combustible</i> <i>Liquids.</i>	
	OR	
	AO15.6	
	The storage of petroleum products in bulk (greater than 1000L) aboveground uses single-skin vessels installed within a bunded compound that:	
	 a. is sufficiently impervious (permeability should be <10–9 m/s) to retain and recover spillage; and 	
	 b. has a net capacity of at least 100% of the bunded vessel or aggregate quantity of vessels where operated as a single unit. 	
	OR	
	AO15.7	
	Petroleum products below ground (greater than 200L) are stored in vessels that are non-corrodible double walled with an interstitial space between, and meet the requirements of Australian Standard	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the
	AS 1692: Steel Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids and/or UL 1316 Glass fibre reinforced plastic underground storage tanks for	SDA APPROVAL
		SDA approval: AP2023/005

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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	petroleum products, alcohols and alcohol gasoline mixture.	
Material change of use for extractive industry only		
PO16 Extraction activities do not impact on erosion, natural fluvial processes, river bank stability or the storage capacity volume of a floodplain.	No acceptable outcome is nominated.	Not applicable.
For reconfiguring a lot only		
 PO17 When reconfiguring a lot, all resultant lots requiring an on-site wastewater treatment system do not compromise the environmental values of drinking water supply. Note: Drinking water supply environmental values are referenced within Schedule 1 of the <i>Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 2009.</i> 	 AO17.1 Any new lot can accommodate an area for on-site wastewater treatment and disposal complying with the following: a. 50m setback to a stream order 1–3; b. 100m setback to a stream order 4 or greater; and c. 400m setback to a full supply level of a dam, lake or reservoir or watercourse that serves as a potable water supply. AND 	Not applicable.
	AO17.2 Any new lot can accommodate an area for on-site wastewater treatment and disposal on land that is not within the 1% AEP flood event and on a slope at or less than 10%.	PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL SDA approval: AP2023/005

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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
	AND	
	AO17.3	
	Any proposed lots that are to accommodate a future on-site wastewater system, maintain an average lot size of at least 2.5 ha.	
	Note: A wastewater site analysis is to be prepared by a suitably qualified professional demonstrating the above.	







Appendix C) Effluent Disposal Report

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





SITE & SOIL EVALUATION REPORT 590 SANDY CREEK ROAD, JOSEPHVILLE

Prepared for: Prepared by: Purpose: Issue No: Date Issued: Author: Matthew Haack C/o ACS Engineers Stav's Hydraulic Services Site & Soil Evaluation Report C 16-Jan-24 Stephen Stavrinou

> PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Site & Soil Evaluation Report Rev:C | Date: 16-Jan-24

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PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Site & Soil Evaluation Report Rev:C | Date: 16-Jan-24

2. Intro

Stav's Hydraulic Services have carried out a Site and Soil Evaluation for the On-Site waste water treatment and the effluent disposal at Lot 1 on RP32191 - 590 Sandy Creek Road, Josephville, Qld.

The following report has been prepared in accordance with AS/NZS1547:2012, On-Site Domestic Waste Water Management and the Queensland Plumbing and Waste Water Code.

3. Executive summary

The recommendation and comments:

- 1. Use an Advanced Secondary all-waste sewage system such as the CivilMart 1T-AST concrete precast 10EP advanced Secondary Wastewater treatment system c/w nutrient reduction.
- 2. The peak daily design volume for the entire site is 8 Equivalent persons 1,200l/day loads from main residence, caretakers & shed.
- 3. Soil is a densely structured category 5 Clayey Sand, Low Plasticity, Fine Grained, yellow Design Irrigation Rate (DIR) = 21 mm / week
- 4. Total land application to be comprised of a land application area of 400m2 via drippers.
- Have warning signs, complying with AS1319 at the boundaries of the designated area in two places and clearly visible to property users with wording such as "Recycled Water – Avoid Contact – DO NOT DRINK"
- 6. On-site sewage systems are not designed to cope with the flow from garbage grinders, fats, oils or chemicals and household cleaning products are to be used in accordance with their labels.
- 7. The land application area is an important area and has to be maintained e.g. regularly mowed, do not drive vehicles over the area or allow livestock to access the land application area Follow the maintenance requirements specified by the manufacturer and authorised service agent.

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



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4. Site Investigation

Sit	te Investigation
Date of Investigation	16.06.2023
Address	590 Sandy Creek Road, Josephville
Area of Site	380,780m2
Property Description	Lot 1 on RP32191
Local Council	Scenic Rim Regional Council
Weather	Fine
Ground Cover	Grass
Well/Bores	0
Waterways	Existing Dams on site
Water Table	Nill
Embankments Nill	
Buildings	Farm sheds to rear bottom of site
Site Exposure	Full Sunlight
Boundaries	Sufficient
Landscape Description	Waxing Divergent
Diversion / Retention Mound	Nill
Ground Water Cut off drains	Nill
Intended Water Supply	Rain Water

Soil Characteristics						
	Borehole					
Depth	0-600mm					
Texture - structure - Colour	Silty Sand Loam in the top layers that increase in clay content with depth					
Soil Category	5					
Indicative permeability (Ksat) m/day	0.71					
Design Loading Rate (DLR) mm/week	21					
Test pit	1m depth					
	Test pit					
Depth	1m					
Water	NIII					
Bedrock	Nill					

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



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5. Effluent Quality and Control Parameters

Effluent Quality Parameters						
Parameter	Primary	Secondary	Advanced Secondary			
Bods	120-240	20	10			
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	65-180	30	10			
Thermotolerant Coliforms (org/100mL)	N/A	200	10			

6. Design Calculations

Design Loadings - Main Residence				
No. of Bedrooms	4			
Equivalent Persons (EP)	6			
Design Flow L/day	120 Tank Water Supply			
Daily flow / Weekly Flow	720 / 5040			
Design Loading Rate (DLR) mm/week	21			
Land Application Area (m ²)	240 m ² Adopt 240 m ²			
Design Loadin	gs - Caretakers Residence			
No. of Bedrooms	2			
Equivalent Persons (EP)	3			
Design Flow L/day	120 Tank Water Supply			
Daily flow / Weekly Flow	360 / 2520			
Design Loading Rate (DLR) mm/week	21			
Land Application Area (m ²)	120 m ² Adopt 120 m ²			
Desig	n Loadings - Shed			
No. of Staff	4			
Design Flow L/day	30 Tank Water Supply			
Daily flow / Weekly Flow	120 / 840			
Design Loading Rate (DLR) mm/week	21			
Land Application Area (m ²)	40 m ² Adopt 40 m ²			

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I	Bod5 Applied
Bod ₅ Applied 10mg / litre/ day	4.38 kg/year
Soil Absorption Only	0.05kg / m ² / year
Minimum land Application Area	87.6 m ²

The proposed wastewater system utilises an Advanced Secondary all-waste sewage treatment plant - CivilMart 1T-AST concrete precast 10EP advanced Secondary Wastewater treatment system c/w nutrient reduction (chlorine dosing).

The Proposed system will discharge to drippers as per below calculations.

Compensat	ing Dripper	Calculatio	ons
Compensation Dripper	400	36	m lateral length
No. of Laterals and Spacing's	11	1	m centres
Dripper Hole spacing	0.5	m dripper hole	e spacing
Compensating dripper flow rate		2.5	l/hour dripper rate
Effluent Flow Rate		792	l/hour
Effluent Transfer	8	transfers @	11 min/transfer

AS1547 states that:

a. The effluent is required to be evenly distributed within the designated area.

b. Have warning, complying with AS1319 at the boundaries of the designated area in two places and clearly visible to property users with wording such as "Recycled Water – Avoid Contact – DO NOT DRINK"

c. Ensure that the effluent does not come into contact with people, domestic animals, fruit or vegetables for human consumption

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Site & Soil Evaluation Report

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7. Operation and Maintenance

Maintenance requirements specified by the manufacturer and authorized service agent are to be implemented. These include:

- Use low sodium biodegradable soaps and detergents
- No paints, solvents, chemicals, food scraps, fats, oils or any other solids are not to be disposed of "down the drain"
- On-site sewage systems are not designed to cope with the flow from garbage grinders
- The land application area is an important area and has to be maintained e.g. regularly mowed or pruned also ensuring that there is no ponding of effluent in the disposal area
- Vehicles, livestock or general access is to be generally restricted with warning signs erected

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



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8. Appendix A - Land application area Vegetation

	Vegetation for Land Applic	cation Area
Recommen	ded Species: Callistemon, M	
Vegetation Form	Casuarina Botanical Name	Common Name
Ground cover /	Belechnum SPP	Water ferns
grasses / clumping	Lomandra Longiflora	Matt rush
	Theme Triandra	Kangaroo grass
	Viola Hederacea	Native violet
	Dianella Caurulea	Paroo lily
	Gahnia SPP	Sword grass
Vines	<u>Cissus Antarctica</u>	Kangaroo vine
	Cissus Hypoglauca	Water vine
	Hibberta Scandens	Guinea flower
Shrubs	Callistemon Pachyphylius	Swamp callistemon
	Callistemon Salignus	Pink tips
	Leptospernum Speciosum	Coastal tea tree
	Leptospernum Flavescens	Weeping tea tree
	Melastoma Affine	Native lasiandra
Small Trees	<u>Melicope Elleryana</u>	Corkwood
	Melaleuca Thymafolia	Pink or white lace
	Melaleuca Sheberi	Paperbark
	Melaleuca Nodosa	Paperbark
	Melaleuca Dealbata	White bolly gum
	Archontophoenix	Picabeen or Bangalow
	Cunninghamiana	plam
	Eucalyptus Congiomerata	Swamp stringy bark
	Eucalyptus Intermedia	Pink bloodwood
	Glochidion Sumatranum	Umbrella cheese tree
	Hymenosporum Flavum	Native frangipani
	Livistonia Australis	Cabbage palm
	Lophostermon Suaveolens	Swamp turpentine
	Melaleuca Quinquenervia	Broadleaf paperbark
	Syzygium SPP	Lillypillies

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL

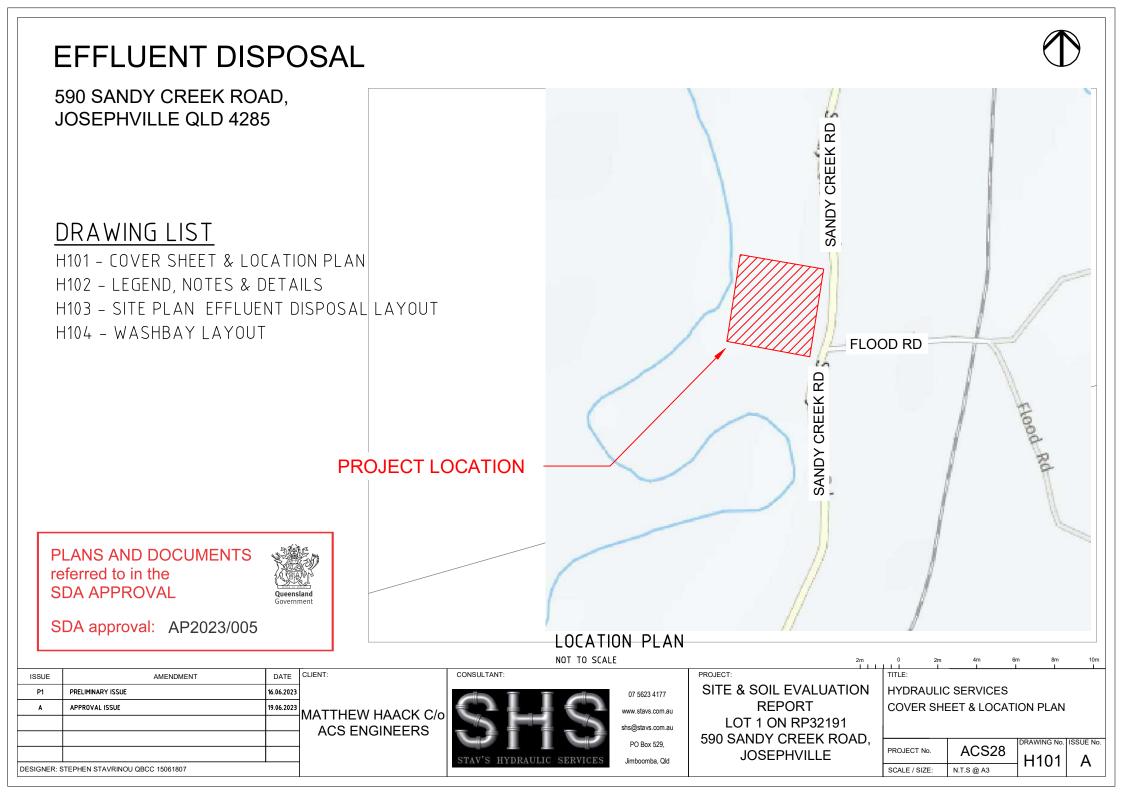


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9. Appendix B - Land application area plan

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





	FLEXIBLE HOSE COUPLING.		refe	ANS AND DOCUMENTS perred to in the APPROVAL
	VALVE BOX. BOLT DOWN SURFACE BOX.		SD	A approval: AP2023/005
	HEADER PIPE.		<u>LEGEND</u> 	- PUMPED EFFLUENT
THE	90° ELBOW /			 SANITARY DRAINAGE PIPEWORK
JSTRALIA,	BALL VALVE. —			- VENT PIPEWORK
AUTHORITY		ON SITE DISPOSAL NOTES		- STORMWATER PIPEWORK
	FLUSHING VALVE DETAIL	1. IRRIGATION SYSTEM TO COMPLY WITH AS1547, QLD		- STORMWATER PIPEWORK
THE	SCALE: NTS	PLUMBING WASTE WATER CODE, ASSOCIATED	<u> </u>	COLD WATER PIPEWORK
S PLANS AND		DOCUMENTATION AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS.		- HOT WATER PIPEWORK
NED FROM SITE SERVICES OVE ALL		 MINIMUM COVER OVER RISING MAIN 450mm. RISING MAINS TO BE 32Ø PIPES TO AS/NZS 1477. PIPE TO BE LILAC COLORED AND/OR INSTALLED WITH TAPE 	M	VALVE
ADVISE THE		IDENTIFYING THE PIPES CONTENTS AS SEWAGE	AFFL	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
OCEEDING.	1. ALL EXPOSED HW & CW PIPEWORK SHALL BE COPPER TUBE TYPE "B" TO AS1432. CONNECT COPPER PIPE WITH BRAZED JOINTS IN AS1645 OR	EFFLUENT.	AHD	AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM
HER SERVICES.	COMPRESSION JOINTS AS1585. USE PRE-INSULATED PIPEWORK FOR HOT		B CD	BASIN CONDENSATE DRAIN
FIC ONLY. ON SITE.	WATER SERVICES OR INSULATE WITH 'ARMAFLEX' INSULATION OR	 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS DISTRIBUTE EFFLUENT INTO THE TOPSOIL LAYERS TO PROVIDE IN-SOIL 	COS	CLEAR OUT TO SURFACE
UN SITE.	SIMILAR. DENSO WRAP ALL CW PIPEWORK IN-GROUND. PROVIDE	TREATMENT OF THE REMAINING EFFLUENT	Cu	COPPER PIPE
LL	INSULATION TO ALL HOT WATER PIPEWORK. PROVIDE ALL	RESIDUALS AS WELL AS PROVIDE NUTRIENT	CW	COLD WATER
N FEES AND	NECESSARY ALLOWANCES FOR THERMAL MOVEMENT OF PIPES.	UPTAKE AND EVAPOTRANSPIRATION BY GRASS.	CV CV	CONTROL VALVE
MIT TO		SHRUBS OR PLANTINGS. THE CHOSEN GRASS,	DP	DOWN PIPE
	2. WATER SUPPLY PIPEWORK CONCEALED IN WALLS AND	SHRUBS OR PLANTINGS SHALL BE	DW	DISHWASHER
	EXTERNAL TO BUILDING IN-GROUND MAY BE POLYETHYLENE	PLANTED/SEEDED PRIOR TO THE COMMISSIONING OF	e	EXISTING TO REMAIN
EQUIPMENT	PIPE OF MIN. CLASS 12, AND SHALL COMPLY WITH AS 1159.	THE SYSTEM TO ALLOW FOR PROPER EFFLUENT	FFL	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
IOD OF	INSTALLATION OF POLYETHYLENE PIPES SHALL BE IN	DISPOSAL.	FW	FLOOR WASTE GULLY
HAS BEEN	ACCORDANCE WITH AS 2033 AND THE MANUFACTURERS			(c/w REMOVABLE CHROME GRATE)
	SPECIFICATIONS.		H/L	HIGH LEVEL
		DRAINAGE	HC	HOSE COCK c/w KEY OPERATED HANDL
MPLETION.	3. TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT WATER HAMMER AND	1. SANITARY DRAINAGE & VENT PIPEWORK IN UPVC IN	HW	HOT WATER
	RECTIFY SHOULD IT OCCUR.	ACCORDANCE WITH AS1260 AND THE	HWH	HOT WATER HEATER
		MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS.	IC	INSPECTION CHAMBER
	4. EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL HOSE COCKS SHALL BE FITTED WITH		10	INSPECTION OPENING
	HOSE TYPE VACUUM BREAKERS.	2. ALL PIPEWORK TO BE IDENTIFIED IN	L/L	LOW LEVEL
ITS ETC.		ACCORDANCE WITH AS1345.	ORG	OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY
	5. PROVIDE HW & CW STOPCOCKS TO ALL HW & CW FIXTURES.		SHR	SHOWER
RRANTY		3. ALL PIPE DIAMETERS NOMINATED ARE	SK	SINK
	6. ALL PIPEWORK TO BE IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS1345.	NOMINAL BORE DIAMETERS UNLESS NOTED	WC	WATER CLOSET
	7. ALL PIPE DIAMETERS NOMINATED ARE NOMINAL BORE DIAMETERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.	OTHERWISE.	VB	VACUUM BREAKER

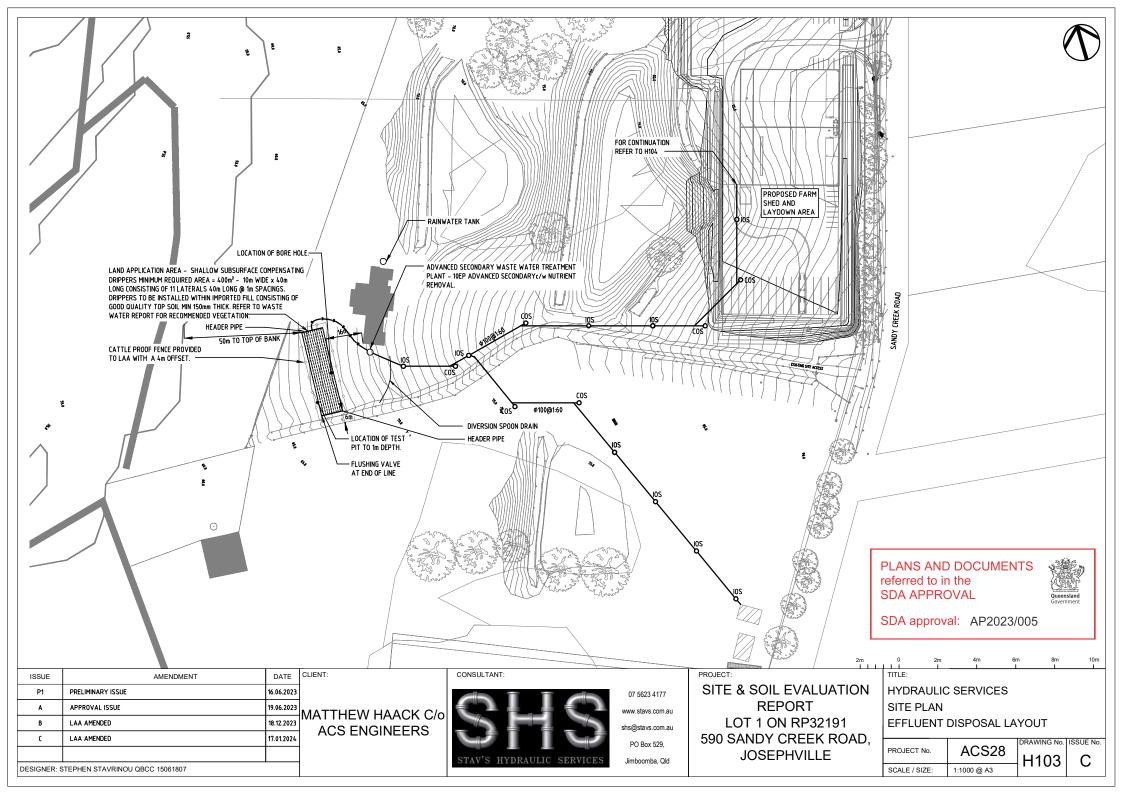
						2m	U 2m	4m 6	n 8m I	10	im
ISSUE	AMENDMENT	DATE	CLIENT:	CONSULTANT:		PROJECT:	TITLE:				
P1	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	16.06.2023	-		07 5623 4177	SITE & SOIL EVALUATION	HYDRAULI	C SERVICES			
A	APPROVAL ISSUE	19.06.2023	MATTHEW HAACK C/o	C	www.stavs.com.au	REPORT	LEGEND, N	IOTES & DETA	ILS		
			ACS ENGINEERS		shs@stavs.com.au	LOT 1 ON RP32191					
					PO Box 529,	590 SANDY CREEK ROAD,		40000	DRAWING No.	ISSUE I	lo.
				STAV'S HYDRAULIC SERVICES	Jimboomba, Qld	JOSEPHVILLE	PROJECT No.	ACS28	H102	Δ	
DESIGNER: S	STEPHEN STAVRINOU QBCC 15061807						SCALE / SIZE:	NTS @ A3	11102	1 ^	

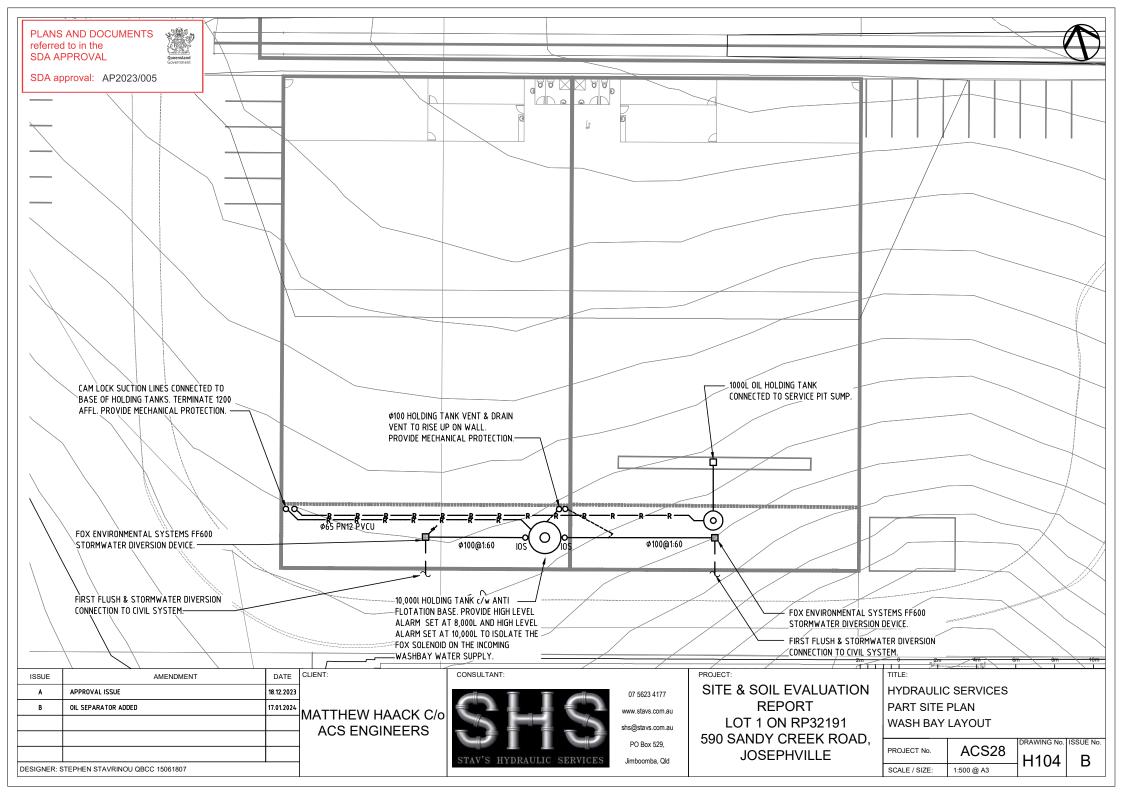
<u>GENERAL</u>

- 1. ALL WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF AS3500, THE BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA, RELEVANT AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS AND THE LOCAL AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. THESE PLANS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE APPROVED ARCHITECTURAL AND RELEVANT SERVICES PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- 3. LOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES HAS BEEN DETERMINED FROM SITE VISITS AND EXISTING RECORD PLANS. NO PROVING OF SERVICES HAS BEEN UNDERTAKEN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVE ALL SERVICES PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AND ADVISE THE SUPERINTENDENT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE PROCEEDING. THIS CONTRACTOR MUST CO-ORDINATE WITH ALL OTHER SERVICES. PIPEWORK SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING IS DIAGRAMMATIC ONLY. FINAL LOCATION OF SERVICES SHALL BE DETERMINED ON SITE.
- 4. ARRANGE & APPLY TO THE LOCAL AUTHORITY FOR ALL NECESSARY PERMITS. PAY ALL PLUMBING INSPECTION FEES AND CHARGES, OBTAIN COMPLETION CERTIFICATE AND SUBMIT TO SUPERVISOR.
- THE ENTIRE HYDRAULIC SERVICES INSTALLATION AND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNDER WARRANTY FOR A PERIOD OF TWELVE (12) MONTHS AFTER PRACTICAL COMPLETION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED.
- 6. PROVIDE INSTRUCTIONS MANUALS AT PRACTICAL COMPLETION. CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING:
- GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT
- LISTING OF EQUIPMENT, MANUFACTURERS NAMES, AGENTS ETC.

- OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARRANTY INFORMATION FOR EACH ITEM OF EQUIPMENT.

- "AS CONSTRUCTED" DRAWINGS.
- COUNCIL INSPECTION REPORTS AND FINAL COMPLETION CERTIFICATES FROM RELEVANT AUTHORITIES.







Appendix D) LURT Output

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Rating Details

Property Owner Details						
Property Owner:	erty Owner: "MJ Haack Family Trust C/- ACS Engineers"					
Postal Address:	"7 Church Stret"	"Boonah"	"QLD"	"4310"		
Phone Number:	"0755413500"	Mobile Number:	"0466800355"			
Email: "matthew@acsengineer.com.au"			-			
	Pı	operty Details				
Street Address:	"590 Sandy Creek Road"	"Josephville"	"QLD"	"4285"		
Latitude:		Longitude:				
Lot Number:		Plan Number:				
Area (m2):	"380780"	Local Government:	"Scenic Rim Regional Council"			

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Rating Risk Rating Questionnaire

Unimitigated Score 14	No further mitigation required	Mitigated Score 6
	MEDIUM	
	Calculating Unmitigated Risk	
	Does the disposal area and wastewater treatment system maintain the following separation distances (AND):	
ĩ	 At least 100m to the nearest watercourse (permanent and non-permanent)? At least 400m from the full supply level of a potable water supply? 	No
	Please note: Potable water supply includes any dam, bore, reservoir or conduit used for direct extraction of water for drinking water purposes.	
	Is the disposal area or the wastewater treatment system (OR):	
2	 Less than 50m to the nearest watercourse (permanent and non-permanent)? Less than 200m from the nearest full supply level of a potable water supply? 	No
	Please note: Potable water supply includes any dam, bore, reservoir or conduit used for direct extraction of water for drinking water purposes.	
3	Is the disposal area of wastewater treatment system located inside of a defined flood event (Council or State mapping), at a minimum being 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP)?	No
4	What is the maximum slope of the disposal area or wastewater treatment system location?	<5%
5	How many bedrooms are serviced by the proposed wastewater treatment system?	3 or more bedroo
6	Is the indicative permeability range higher than 1m/day?	No
7	Is the separation distance to the water table/bedrock as specific for the type of system and at a minimum 1m below the disposal depth?	Yes
8	Is the dwelling a permanent or holiday residence?	Permanent Residence
9	Is the indicative drainage class either poorly drained (Soil Category 5) or very poorly drained (Soil Category 6), as defined in Australian Standard AS1547?	Yes
10	Does the proposal involve composting?	No compostin
11	Please select an irrigation method.	Absorption
12	Please select the proposed treatment method	Aerated
13	Does the system propose the diversion or re-use of greywater?	No
	Mitigation Reduction:	8

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL



Model Conditions

Here are your draft conditions!

- The poor drainage of the soil necessitates an appropriate depth of topsoil over the proposed effluent disposal area. Either soil remediation (gypsum / scarification) or clean imported topsoil must be provided to a depth of 150mm 250mm over the disposal area and scarified into soils over the entire disposal area to ensure adequate drainage and reduction of nutrients.
- 2 The disposal area must be planted with kikuyu grass or other native vegetation which provides a high uptake of nitrogen and phosphorus and prevents erosion.
- 3 The disposal area must incorporate appropriate diversion drainage above the disposal area (to prevent stormwater inundation) and bunds below the disposal area to reduce the risk of waterway contamination.
- 4 To minimise the risk of failure or inefficiency, the wastewater treatment system and disposal area must be inspected and serviced by an appropriately qualified professional in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and at least annually.
- 5 Ensure that larger deep-rooting plants and trees which may block sunlight are not planted near the disposal area to reduce the chance of root intrusion and clogging and maximise sun exposure.
- 6 A 100% reserve area is reserved and maintained on-site to allow for an alternative disposal location in case of land application area failure, malfunction or loss of soil uptake capacity. The reserve area must be kept clear of buildings, structures, vehicular movement paths or other activities which may otherwise affect its use for effluent disposal in the future.
- 7 No vehicular, machinery or domestic animal traffic movement is to occur over the disposal area, to maintain the integrity and function of sub-surface pipelines. Barriers such as fencing or shrubs are to be used when necessary.
- 8 The design must incorporate a warning system to notify of pump failure and/or high water level comprising of a highly visible strobe warning light at the tank and an internal alarm mounted in the house comprising of an audible and visual. A licenced plumber/service provider must be contacted as soon as practical after an alarm activates to rectify the issue.
- 9 The treatment system must incorporate contingency components including a backup pump stored appropriately on the site.
- The wastewater treatment system must be an advanced secondary wastewater treatment system with nutrient removal with Chief Executive approval from the Department of Energy and Public Works and incorporate chlorination. The wastewater treatment system and disposal area must be designed operated and maintained in accordance with manufacturers specifications and the submitted Wastewater Design Report.

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





Appendix E) Rational Method Calculations

Catchment Details

Name	Pre- Developed	Post- Developed	
Catchment Area (ha)	38	38	
Stream Length (m)	200	200	
Sheet flow length (m)	200	200	
Slope (%)	10	10	
Hortons N Value	0.05	0.05 19.7	
Tc Sheet flow	19.7		
Tc channel flow	2.2	2.2	
Total time of conc. (tc)	22.0	22.0	

Rainfall Intensities

63%	56.3	56.3
50%#	63.7	63.7
20%*	86.8	86.8
10%	102.4	102.4
5%	117.6	117.6
2%	137.5	137.5
1%	152.7	152.7

Rainfall Depth

	22.5	22.6	
63%	20.6	20.6	
50%#	23.3	23.3	
20%*	31.8	31.8	
10%	37.6	37.6	
5%	43.1	43.1	
2%	50.4	50.4	
1%	56.0	56.0	
Fraction impervious	0.00000	0.01910	
C10 runoff coefficient	0.63	0.63	

Frequency Factors

FF, 1-year	0.8	0.8	
FF, 2-year	0.85	0.85	
FF, 5-year	0.95	0.95	
FF, 10-year	1	1	
FF, 20-year	1.05	1.05	
FF, 50-year	1.15	1.15	
FF, 100-year	1.2	1.2	

Flow Calculations

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the SDA APPROVAL





63.2% (m³/s)	2.996	2.996
50% (m³/s)	3.602	3.602
20% (m³/s)	5.487	5.487
10% (m³/s)	6.817	6.817
5% (m³/s)	8.220	8.220
2% (m³/s)	10.526	10.526
1% (m³/s)	12.198	12.198

Runoff Volume Estimation

Name	Pre-	Post-	
	Developed	Developed	
Catchment Area (ha)	38	38	
Cv(pervious)	0.63	0.63	
Area Impervious	0	0.72596	
Cv Composite	0.630	0.637	

Runoff Volume Estimation - single storm

	0	
63.2% Volume (m ³)	4940.1	4995.5
50% Volume (m³)	5588.9	5651.6
20% Volume (m ³)	7618.6	7704.1
10% Volume (m³)	8990.8	9091.7
5% Volume (m³)	10325.0	10440.9
2% Volume (m³)	12072.6	12208.1
1% Volume (m³)	13407.5	13557.9

Change in Volume

I

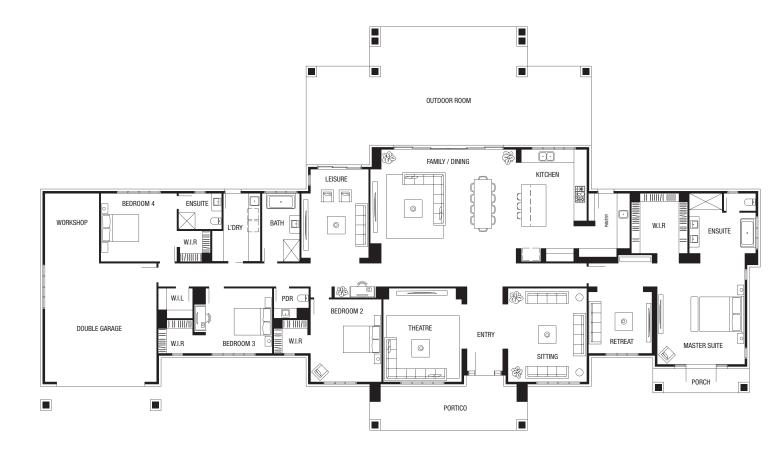
63.2% Volume (m ³)	55.4
50% Volume (m³)	62.7
20% Volume (m ³)	85.5
10% Volume (m³)	100.9
5% Volume (m³)	115.8
2% Volume (m³)	135.5
1% Volume (m³)	150.4

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the **SDA APPROVAL**



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Home area

Total area	557.67m ²
House area	375.36m ²
Garage	56.04m ²
Outdoor room	89.66m ²
Portico	20.95m ²



SDA approval: AP2023/005

Ground floor

Double garage	6.13 x 6.51m
Outdoor Room 1	59 x 6.47m
Porch	5.27 x 1.32m
Sitting	4.33 x 5.41m
Family	7.39 x 7.52m
Leisure	3.2 x 4.87m
Retreat	3.49 x 3.38m
Home theatre	4.68 x 4.54m
Master suite	4.81 x 5.55m
Bedroom 2	3.91 x 4.54m
Bedroom 3	3.66 x 3.58m
Bedroom 4	4.18 x 3.75m
Workshop	2.99 x 3.82m

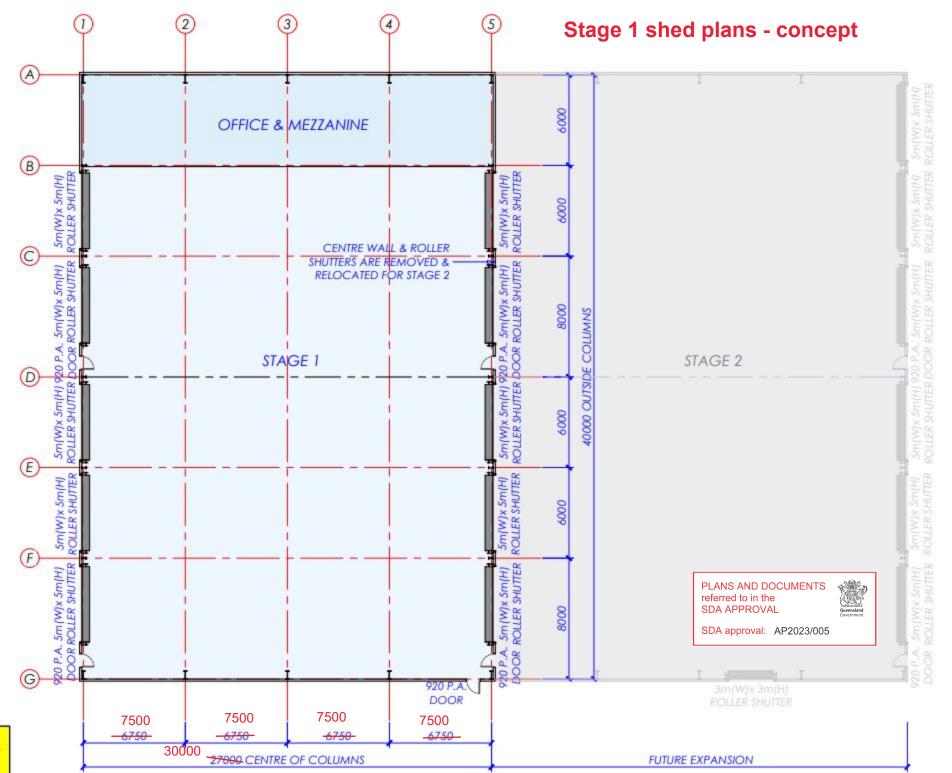
Other design options

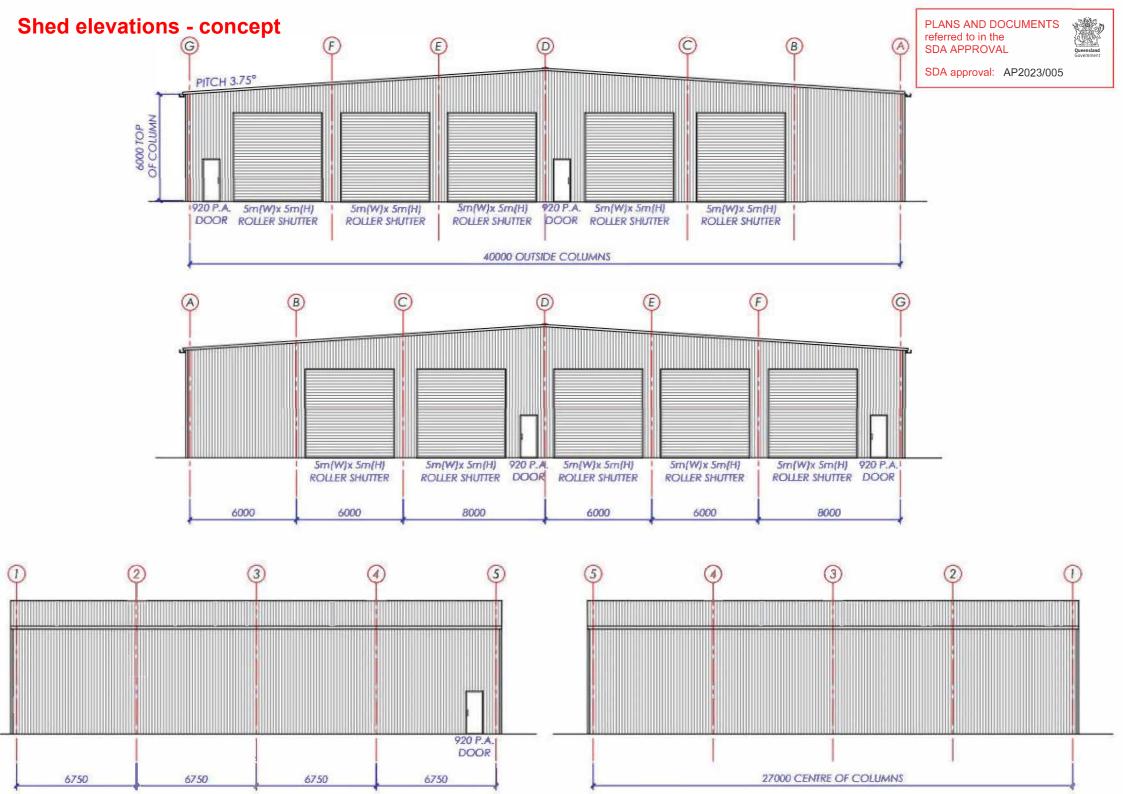
At Metricon, we understand that crafting a home to perfectly suit your lifestyle is important. We have a variety of home designs and floorplan options for you to choose from.

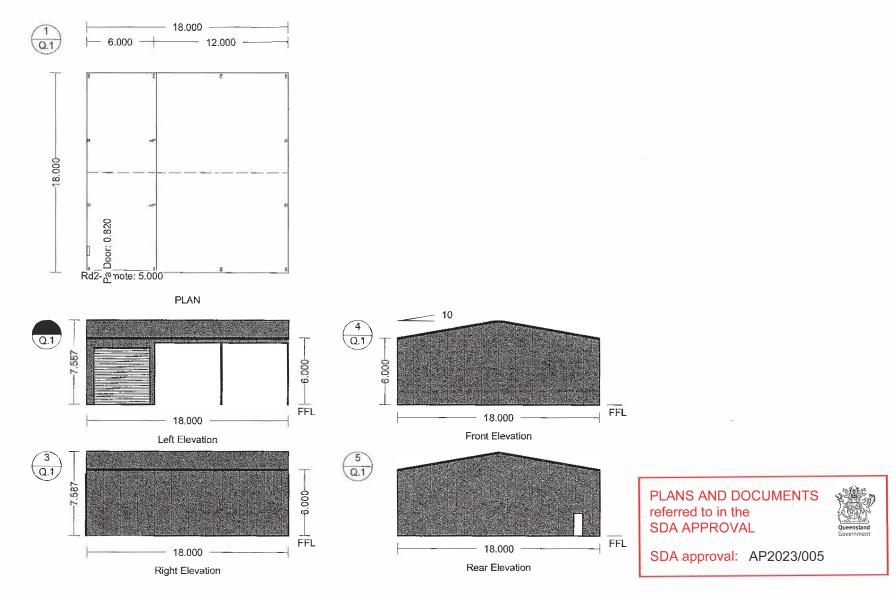
Speak to your New Home Advisor today.

*Subject to orientation and fall of land and developer and council guidelines. Traditional floorplan shown.

1300 METRICON | metricon.com.au







		CLIENT			SACE SHADRAMACES	
	Portal Frame Gable Roof-Open Ind	dustrial Design Vdes=49 m/s (Reg-I	B) 18.000 x 18.000 x 6.000	QP1	Ref: 31121311590445	NTS
	At: 585 Sandy creek road Josephy	ville 4285			CHITECTURAL DRA	MINCS
Franklin Shade & Carporte	For: Matt			An	CHIECIURAL DRA	WING5
Franklin Sheds & Carports	Approved by:		Date:			

Shed Estimator 2021.5.1.368 (c) 2021 McHugh Steel Pty Ltd [SAAC1-IND-35] [22] [Open Industrial Design] Q:13 Dec 2021 P:13 Dec 2021 13:35

